UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

		FORM 10-Q				
(Mark	One)					
X	QUARTERLY REPORT PU EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	RSUANT TO SECTION	13 OR 15(d)	OF THE SE	CURITIE	S
	For the	quarterly period ended Septem OR	nber 30, 2023			
	TRANSITION REPORT PU EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	RSUANT TO SECTION	13 OR 15(d)	OF THE SE	CURITIE	S
	For the transition	n period from	_ to			
	C	Commission File Number: 001-3	37756			
	Global	Water Resou	rces, In	c.		
	(Exact Na	me of Registrant as Specified i	n its Charter)			
	Delawa	re		90-0632193		
	(State or other juris incorporation or org			(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)		
	21410 N. 19th Av	venue #220				
	Phoenix, Ai	rizona		85027		
	(Address of principal ex	ecutive offices)		(Zip Code)		
		telephone number, including area cocities registered pursuant to Section 12(b				
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exc	change on which i	registered	
Co	ommon Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	GWRS	The NASDA	AQ Stock Market, 1	ĹLC	
Securit	Indicate by check mark whether the recies Exchange Act of 1934 during the per period in the period i	preceding 12 months (or for such	n shorter period t	hat the registra		
submit	Indicate by check mark whether the reted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation period that the registrant was required	on S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapt	ter) during the pr		•	
smaller	Indicate by check mark whether the reporting company, or an emerging ger reporting company," and "e	rowth company. See the definition		elerated filer," '	'accelerated fi	
Large	accelerated filer		Accelerated file	er		
Non-a	ccelerated filer 🗵		Smaller reporting Emerging grow			\square
period	If an emerging growth company, indiction for complying with any new or reverge Act. □		rant has elected r	not to use the e	extended trans	sition
] X No	Indicate by check mark whether the re	gistrant is a shell company (as de	efined in Rule 12	b-2 of the Excl	nange Act). \square	l Yes

As of November 8, 2023, the registrant had 24,171,517 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding.

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GLOBAL WATER RESOURCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (in thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

ACCEPTO	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
ASSETS PROPERTY DI ANTE AND FOLHDMENT.		
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:	¢ 1.400	¢ 1.400
Land	\$ 1,480	\$ 1,480
Depreciable property, plant and equipment	408,806 46,095	344,043 66,039
Construction work-in-progress Other	40,093	697
Less accumulated depreciation	(139,454)	(124,522)
Net property, plant and equipment	317,624	287,737
CURRENT ASSETS:	317,024	201,131
Cash and cash equivalents	5,289	6,561
Accounts receivable — net	3,289	2,139
Customer payments in-transit	571	462
Unbilled revenue	3,055	2,557
Taxes, prepaid expenses, and other current assets	2,038	2,439
Total current assets	14,030	14,158
OTHER ASSETS:	14,030	14,136
Goodwill	10,923	4,957
Intangible assets — net	8,765	10,139
Regulatory asset	2,984	3,169
Restricted cash	2,376	1,001
Right-of -use asset	1,706	1,891
Other noncurrent assets	44	34
Total other assets	26,798	21,191
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 358,452	\$ 323,086
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	ψ 330, 1 32	ψ 323,000
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 661	\$ 2,173
Accrued expenses	9,578	8,056
Customer and meter deposits	1,742	1,682
Long-term debt — current portion	3,880	3,833
Leases — current portion	523	505
Total current liabilities	16,384	16,249
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:	10,501	10,215
Line of credit	15	_
Long-term debt	103,258	104,945
Long-term lease liabilities	1,374	1,616
Deferred revenue - ICFA	19,656	20,974
Regulatory liability	6,094	6,371
Advances in aid of construction	113,729	93,656
Contributions in aid of construction — net	35,650	26,404
Deferred income tax liabilities, net	8,112	5,949
Acquisition liability	3,080	1,773
Other noncurrent liabilities	2,020	755
Total noncurrent liabilities	292,988	262,443
Total liabilities	309,372	278,692
Commitments and contingencies (Refer to Note 16)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 60,000,000 shares authorized; 24,478,252 and 24,095,139 shares issued as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.	240	239
Treasury stock, 306,735 and 224,093 shares at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.	(2)	(2)
Paid in capital	47,321	44,157
Retained earnings	1,521	
Total shareholders' equity	49,080	44,394
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 358,452	\$ 323,086

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

GLOBAL WATER RESOURCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Т	Three Months Ended September 30,]	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
REVENUES:									
Water services	\$	7,520	\$	5,824	\$	18,916	\$	15,854	
Wastewater and recycled water services		6,494		6,069		18,958		17,770	
Unregulated revenues		518		_		2,786		5	
Total revenues		14,532		11,893		40,660		33,629	
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Operations and maintenance		3,587		2,775		9,557		8,260	
General and administrative		3,923		3,923		11,934		11,579	
Depreciation and amortization		3,185		2,429		8,545		7,199	
Total operating expenses		10,695	_	9,127		30,036		27,038	
OPERATING INCOME		3,837		2,766		10,624		6,591	
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):									
Interest expense		(1,260)		(1,093)		(3,709)		(3,355)	
Allowance for equity funds used during construction		263		_		778		_	
Other - Net		682		625		1,630		2,251	
Total other expense	_	(315)		(468)		(1,301)		(1,104)	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		3,522		2,298		9,323		5,487	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		(888)		(612)		(2,484)		(805)	
NET INCOME	\$	2,634	\$	1,686	\$	6,839	\$	4,682	
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.11	\$	0.07	\$	0.28	\$	0.20	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.11	\$	0.07	\$	0.28	\$	0.20	
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.07	\$	0.07	\$	0.22	\$	0.22	
Weighted average number of common shares used in the determination of:									
Basic		24,171,228		23,467,035		24,046,493		22,937,265	
Diluted		24,231,801		23,595,459		24,144,384		23,111,881	

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

GLOBAL WATER RESOURCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock	Treasury Stock Shares	Treasury Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Equity
BALANCE - December 31, 2021	22,832,013	\$ 228	(182,445)	\$ (2)	\$ 29,803	\$ —	\$ 30,029
Dividend declared \$0.07 per share	_	_			(781)	(889)	(1,670)
Stock option exercise	250	_	_		3		3
Stock compensation		_	_	_	389	_	389
Net income						889	889
BALANCE - March 31, 2022	22,832,263	228	(182,445)	(2)	29,414		29,640
Dividend declared \$0.07 per share	_			_	433	(2,107)	(1,674)
Treasury stock	_	_	(40,756)	_	(257)	_	(257)
Stock option exercise	107,548			_	_	_	
Stock compensation	_	_	_	_	45	_	45
Net income						2,107	2,107
BALANCE - June 30, 2022	22,939,811	228	(223,201)	(2)	29,635		29,861
Dividend declared per share	_		_	_	537	(1,686)	(1,149)
Issuance of Common Stock	1,150,000	11	_	_	14,862		14,873
Treasury stock			(899)	_	(282)		(282)
Stock compensation	_	_	_	_	45	_	45
Net income						1,686	1,686
BALANCE - September 30, 2022	24,089,811	239	(224,100)	(2)	44,797		45,034
BALANCE - December 31, 2022	24,095,139	239	(224,093)	(2)	44,157	_	44,394
Dividend declared \$0.07 per share		_	_	_	_	(1,778)	(1,778)
Stock compensation	_	_	_	_	299	_	299
Net income	<u> </u>		_	_	_	2,466	2,466
BALANCE - March 31, 2023	24,095,139	239	(224,093)	(2)	44,456	688	45,381
Dividend declared \$0.07 per share					(55)	(1,739)	(1,794)
Issuance of Common Stock	230,000	1	_	_	2,747		2,748
Stock option exercise	152,113	_	(82,642)	<u></u>	- ,,		
Stock compensation		_	(02,012)	_	(47)		(47)
Net income	<u></u>	<u></u>			(47)	1,739	1,739
BALANCE - June 30, 2023	24,477,252	\$ 240	(306,735)	\$ (2)	\$ 47,101	\$ 688	\$ 48,027
Dividend declared \$0.07 per share		Ψ 240	(300,733)	Ψ (2)	ψ 47,101	(1,801)	(1,801)
Stock option exercise	1,000				9	(1,001)	(1,801)
Stock option exercise Stock compensation	1,000	_	-	_		-	
Net income			_		211	2 (24	211
		-	(20 < 525)			2,634	2,634
BALANCE - September 30, 2023	24,478,252	240	(306,735)	(2)	47,321	1,521	49,080

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

GLOBAL WATER RESOURCES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited, in thousands)

	Nine Months En	ded September 30,
	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	6,839	\$ 4,682
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Deferred compensation	698	786
Depreciation and amortization	8,545	7,199
Right of use amortization	240	104
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs and discounts	33	33
(Gain) Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(83)	(3
Provision for credit losses	73	79
Deferred income tax expense	2,164	542
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(938)	(433
Other current assets	(165)	(717
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,261	1,170
Other noncurrent assets	293	335
Other noncurrent liabilities	2,702	5,961
Net cash provided by operating activities	22,662	19,738
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	(18,578)	(25,324
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(6,246)	(85
Other cash flows from investing activities		(24
Net cash used in investing activities	(24,824)	(25,433
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Dividends paid	(5,372)	(5,075
Advances in aid of construction	8,370	2,145
Refunds of advances for construction	(1,076)	(1,105
Proceeds from stock option exercise	10	3
Payments for taxes related to net shares settlement of equity awards	(367)	
Principal payments under finance lease	(388)	_
Line of credit borrowings, net	15	
Loan borrowings	242	
Loan repayments	_	(103
Repayments of bond	(1,917)	(1,917
Proceeds from sale of stock	2,748	14,892
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,265	8,840
INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH	103	3,145
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH — Beginning of period	7,562	13,443
beginning of period	7,665	16,588

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

	Nine Months En	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2023	2022				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,289	\$ 15,613				
Restricted Cash	2,376	975				
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ 7,665	\$ 16,588				

GLOBAL WATER RESOURCES, INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, CORPORATE TRANSACTIONS, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, AND RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements of Global Water Resources, Inc. (the "Company", "GWRI", "we", "us", or "our") and related disclosures as of September 30, 2023 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 are unaudited. The December 31, 2022 condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. These financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the Company's most recent annual consolidated financial statements. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. In the Company's opinion, these financial statements include all normal and recurring adjustments necessary for the fair statement of the results for the interim period. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year, due to the seasonality of our business.

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Corporate Transactions

Arizona Corporation Commission ("ACC") Rate Case

On July 3, 2023, Global Water-Palo Verde Utilities Company, Inc. ("Palo Verde") and Global Water-Santa Cruz Water Company, Inc. ("Santa Cruz") filed an application with the ACC for approval of an accounting order to defer and record as a regulatory asset the depreciation expense recorded for the Company's Southwest Plant, plus the carrying cost at the authorized rate of return set in Palo Verde's and Santa Cruz's most recent rate order, until the plant is considered for recovery in the utilities' next rate case.

On June 27, 2023, seven of the Company's 13 regulated utilities, all located in Pima County, each filed a rate case application with the ACC for water rates based on a 2022 test year. There can be no assurance that the ACC will approve the requested rate increase or any increase or the consolidation of water rates described above, and the ACC could take other actions as a result of the rate case. Further, it is possible that the ACC may determine to decrease future rates. There can also be no assurance as to the timing of when an approved rate increase (if any) would go into effect.

On July 27, 2022, the ACC issued Rate Decision No. 78644 relating to the Company's previous rate case. Pursuant to Rate Decision No. 78644, the ACC approved, among other things, a collective annual revenue requirement increase of approximately \$2.2 million (including the acquisition premiums discussed below) based on 2019 test year service connections, and phased-in over approximately two years.

The ACC also approved: (i) the consolidation of water and/or wastewater rates to create economies of scale that are beneficial to all customers when rates are consolidated; (ii) acquisition premiums relating to the Company's acquisitions of its Red Rock and Global Water-Turner Ranches Irrigation, Inc. ("Turner Ranches") utilities, which increase the rate base for such utilities and result in an increase in the annual collective revenue requirement; (iii) the Company's ability to annually adjust rates to flow through certain changes in tax expense, primarily related to income taxes, without the necessity of a rate case proceeding; and (iv) a sustainable water surcharge, which will allow semiannual surcharges to be added to customer bills based on verified costs of new water resources.

Refer to Note 2 – "Regulatory Decision and Related Accounting and Policy Changes" for additional information.

Private Placement Offering of Common Stock

On June 8, 2023, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement for the issuance and sale by the Company of an aggregate of 230,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a purchase price of \$12.07 per share in an offering exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder. The Company received gross proceeds of approximately \$2.8 million from the offering. One of the Company's directors purchased an aggregate of 30,000 shares of common stock in the offering at the purchase price.

Public Offering of Common Stock

On August 1, 2022, the Company completed a public offering of 1,150,000 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.50 per share, which included 150,000 shares issued and sold to the underwriter following the exercise in full of its option to purchase additional shares of common stock. The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$14.9 million from the offering after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses paid by the Company. Certain of the Company's directors and/or their affiliates purchased an aggregate of 652,000 shares of common stock at the public offering price.

Stipulated Condemnation of the Operations and Assets of Valencia Water Company, Inc.

On July 14, 2015, the Company closed the stipulated condemnation to transfer the operations and assets of Valencia Water Company, Inc. ("Valencia") to the City of Buckeye. Terms of the condemnation were agreed upon through a settlement agreement and stipulated final judgment of condemnation wherein the City of Buckeye acquired all the operations and assets of Valencia and assumed operation of the utility upon close. The City of Buckeye is obligated to pay the Company a growth premium equal to \$3,000 for each new water meter installed within Valencia's prior service areas in the City of Buckeye, for a 20-year period ending December 31, 2034, subject to a maximum payout of \$45.0 million over the term of the agreement. The Company received growth premiums of \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$1.6 million and \$2.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and is included in "Other - Net" on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Significant Accounting Policies

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Common Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") in each period of this report were calculated by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of shares during those periods. Diluted EPS includes additional weighted-average common stock equivalents (options and restricted stock awards), if dilutive. Unless otherwise noted, the term "earnings per share" refers to basic EPS. A reconciliation of the denominator used in basic and diluted EPS calculations is shown in the following table:

	Three Mont Septemb		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
(In thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	04.151	22.467	24.046	22 025	
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	24,171	23,467	24,046	22,937	
Effect of dilutive securities:					
2017 Option grant	54	99	72	114	
2019 Option grant	7	21	14	30	
2020 Restricted stock awards	_	8	6	31	
2021 Restricted stock awards		_	6		
Total dilutive securities	61	128	98	175	
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	24,232	23,595	24,144	23,112	
Anti-dilutive shares excluded from earnings per diluted shares (1)	138	133	94	133	

⁽¹⁾ Shares excluded from the dilutive-effect calculation because the outstanding awards' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the Company's common stock.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which changed the impairment model for certain financial assets that have a contractual right to receive cash, including trade and loan receivables. The new model required recognition based upon an estimation of expected credit losses rather than recognition of losses based on the probability of occurrence.

The Company is a public business entity that qualifies as a smaller reporting company, and therefore ASU 2016-13 was effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company adopted the standard utilizing the modified retrospective method for its trade receivables and unbilled revenue on January 1, 2023. Based on the composition of the Company's trade receivables and unbilled revenue, and expected future losses, the adoption of ASU 2016-13 did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

2. REGULATORY DECISION AND RELATED ACCOUNTING AND POLICY CHANGES

The Company's regulated utilities and certain other balances are subject to regulation by the ACC and meet the requirements for regulatory accounting found within Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC 980"), *Regulated Operations*.

In accordance with ASC 980, rates charged to utility customers are intended to recover the costs of the provision of service plus a reasonable return in the same period. Changes to the rates are made through formal rate applications with the ACC, which the Company has done for all of the operating utilities and which are described below.

On July 3, 2023, Global Water-Palo Verde Utilities Company, Inc. ("Palo Verde") and Global Water-Santa Cruz Water Company, Inc. ("Santa Cruz") filed an application with the ACC for approval of an accounting order to defer and record as a regulatory asset the depreciation expense recorded for the Company's Southwest Plant, plus the carrying cost at the authorized rate of return set in Palo Verde's and Santa Cruz's most recent rate order, until the plant is considered for recovery in the utilities' next rate case. The Southwest Plant was substantially constructed prior to 2009 to provide water, wastewater, and recycled water utility service for the area southwest of the City of Maricopa. Due to the unprecedented collapse of the housing market during the Great Recession, the nearly completed plant remained idle for well over a decade. The total cost of the Southwest Plant was approximately \$38.4 million. In July 2023, \$27.5 million related to the water production plant and a portion of the wastewater processing plant was placed in service, with the remaining parts of the Southwest Plant to be placed in service once sufficient flows, provided by connection growth, are established. There can be no assurance, however, that the ACC will approve the application as submitted and the ACC could take other actions regarding the application.

On June 27, 2023, seven of the Company's 13 regulated utilities each filed a rate case application with the ACC for increased water rates based on a 2022 test year. In addition to a rate increase, the Company requested, among other things, the consolidation of water rates for certain of its utilities, including Global Water-Mirabell Water Company, Inc. ("Mirabell"), Global Water-Lyn Lee Water Company, Inc. ("Lyn Lee"), Global Water-Francesca Water Company, Inc. ("Francesca"), Global Water-Tortolita Water Company, Inc. ("Tortolita"), Global Water-Rincon Water Company, Inc. ("Rincon"), Global Water-Las Quintas Serenas Water Company, Inc. ("Las Quintas Serenas"), and Global Water-Red Rock Water Company, Inc. ("Red Rock"), each located in Pima County. Of the Company's utilities, these utilities filing rate applications make up approximately 3% of the Company's active service connections. There can be no assurance that the ACC will approve the requested rate increase or any increase or the consolidation of water rates described above, and the ACC could take other actions as a result of the rate case. Further, it is possible that the ACC may determine to decrease future rates. There can also be no assurance as to the timing of when an approved rate increase (if any) would go into effect.

On July 27, 2022, the ACC issued Rate Decision No. 78644 relating to the Company's previous rate case. Pursuant to Rate Decision No. 78644, the ACC approved, among other things, a collective annual revenue requirement increase of approximately \$2.2 million (including the acquisition premiums discussed below) based on 2019 test year service connections, and phased-in over approximately two years, as follows:

	<u>In</u>	<u>cremental</u>	(<u>Cumulative</u>
August 1, 2022	\$	1,457,462	\$	1,457,462
January 1, 2023	\$	675,814	\$	2,133,277
January 1, 2024	\$	98,585	\$	2,231,861

To the extent that the number of active service connections has increased and continues to increase from 2019 levels, the additional revenues may be greater than the amounts set forth above. On the other hand, if active connections decrease or the Company experiences declining usage per customer, the Company may not realize all of the anticipated revenues.

Rate Decision No. 78644 also addressed the primary impacts of the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA") on the Company, which includes the reduction of the federal income tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent beginning on January 1, 2018. The TCJA required the Company to re-measure all existing deferred income tax assets and liabilities to reflect the reduction in the federal tax rate. For the Company's regulated entities, substantially all of the change in deferred income taxes is recorded as an offset to either a regulatory asset or liability because the impact of changes in the rates are expected to be recovered from or refunded to customers. Rate Decision No. 78644 approved an adjustor mechanism for income taxes (as described below) that permits the Company to flow through potential changes to state and federal income tax rates as well as refund or collect funds related to TCJA.

The ACC also approved:

- (i) the consolidation of water and/or wastewater rates to create economies of scale that are beneficial to all customers when rates are consolidated;
- (ii) acquisition premiums relating to the Company's acquisitions of its Red Rock and Turner Ranches utilities, which increase the rate base for such utilities and result in an increase in the annual collective revenue requirement included in the table above;
- (iii) the Company's ability to annually adjust rates to flow through certain changes in tax expense, primarily related to income taxes, without the necessity of a rate case proceeding; and
- (iv) a sustainable water surcharge, which will allow semiannual surcharges to be added to customer bills based on verified costs of new water resources.

Finally, Rate Decision No. 78644 required the Company to work with ACC staff and the Residential Utility Consumer Office to prepare a Private Letter Ruling request to the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") to clarify whether the failure to eliminate the deferred taxes attributable to assets condemned in a transaction governed by Section 1033 of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") would violate the normalization provisions of Section 168(i)(9) of the IRC. The IRS accepted the request and issued its Private Letter Ruling, dated September 22, 2023. The Private Letter Ruling determined that the deferred taxes attributable to assets condemned in a transaction governed by Section 1033 of the IRC must be eliminated and failure to do so would violate the normalization provisions of Section 168(i)(9) of the IRC. As required by Rate Decision No. 78644, the Private Letter Ruling has been provided to the ACC. Within 90 days after receiving the ruling, ACC Staff is required to prepare, for ACC consideration, a memorandum and proposed order regarding guidance issued within the Private Letter Ruling. The Private Letter Ruling was consistent with the adjustments used to determine the revenue requirements in Rate Decision No. 78644. Accordingly, the Company has requested that no further action be taken by the ACC. However, there can be no assurance provided until the ACC process is complete.

Certain accounting implications related to Rate Decision No. 78644 were recognized and recorded as of June 30, 2022, and are as follows:

- Reclassification of Red Rock Water, Red Rock Wastewater, and Turner Ranches acquisition premiums of approximately \$0.8 million in the aggregate from goodwill to regulatory assets to be included in rate base. The premiums are to be amortized over 25 years.
- Reversal of the 2017 TCJA tax reform regulatory liability of approximately \$0.8 million, which was recorded as a reduction to income tax expense for approximately \$0.7 million, and as a reduction to interest expense for approximately \$0.1 million.
- Write-off of approximately \$0.3 million in capitalized rate case costs.

Infrastructure Coordination and Financing Agreements

Infrastructure Coordination and Financing Agreements ("ICFAs") are agreements with developers and homebuilders where the Company provides services to plan, coordinate, and finance the water and wastewater infrastructure that would otherwise be required to be performed or subcontracted by the developer or homebuilder. Rate Decision No. 74364, issued by the ACC in February 2014, established the policy for the treatment of ICFA funds and also prohibited the Company from entering into any new ICFAs. Rate Decision No. 74364 requires a hook-up fee ("HUF") tariff to be established for all ICFAs that come due and are paid subsequent to December 31, 2013, which is a set amount per equivalent dwelling unit determined by the ACC based on the utility and meter size. In addition, since ICFA funds are generally received in installments, Rate Decision No. 74364 prescribes that 70% of funds received must be recorded as a HUF liability, with the remaining 30% to be recorded as deferred revenue, until the HUF liability is fully funded. The Company is responsible for assuring that the full HUF tariff, which is the set amount determined by the rate decision, is funded in the HUF liability, even if it results in recording less than 30% of the

overall ICFA funds as deferred revenue. Refer to Note 3 – "Revenue Recognition - Unregulated Revenue" for additional information.

The Company accounts for the portion allocated to the HUF as a contribution in aid of construction ("CIAC"). However, in accordance with the ACC directives, the CIAC is not deducted from rate base until the HUF funds are expended for utility plant. Such funds are segregated in a separate bank account and used for plant.

A HUF liability is established and amortized as a reduction of depreciation expense over the useful life of the related plant once the HUF funds are utilized for the construction of plant. For facilities required under a HUF or ICFA, the utilities must first use the HUF moneys received, after which, it may use debt or equity financing for the remainder of construction.

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

Regulatory assets and liabilities are the result of operating in a regulated environment in which the ACC establish rates that are designed to permit the recovery of the cost of service and a return on investment. The Company capitalizes and records regulatory assets for costs that would otherwise be charged to expense if it is probable that the incurred costs will be recovered in future rates. Regulatory assets are amortized over the future periods that the costs are expected to be recovered. Final determination of whether a regulatory asset can be recovered is decided by the ACC in regulatory proceedings. If the Company determines that a portion of the regulatory assets is not recoverable in customer rates, the Company would be required to recognize the loss of the assets disallowed.

If costs expected to be incurred in the future are currently being recovered through rates, the Company records those expected future costs as regulatory liabilities.

The Company's regulatory assets and liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	Recovery Period	September 30, 2023		Decen	ber 31, 2022
Regulatory Assets					
Income taxes recoverable through future rates (1)	Various	\$	1,423		1,482
Rate case expense surcharge ⁽²⁾	2 years		284		467
Acquisition premiums ⁽³⁾	25 years		1,277		1,220
Total regulatory assets		\$	2,984	\$	3,169
		'			
Regulatory Liabilities					
Income taxes payable through future rates ⁽¹⁾			493		508
Acquired ICFAs ⁽⁴⁾			4,896		5,863
Depreciation adjustment ⁽⁵⁾			705		
Total regulatory liabilities		\$	6,094	\$	6,371

- (1) The TCJA required the Company to re-measure all existing deferred income tax assets and liabilities to reflect the reduction in the federal tax rate. For the Company's regulated entities, substantially all of the change in deferred income taxes is recorded as an offset to either a regulatory asset or liability because the impact of changes in the rates are expected to be recovered from or refunded to customers.
- (2) Rate Decision No. 78743, issued on October 24, 2022, approved approximately \$0.5 million in rate case expenses to be recovered through a rate case expense surcharge over a two-year period.
- (3) Rate Decision No. 78319, issued on December 3, 2021, approved an acquisition premium to be amortized over 25 years related to the acquisition of the Company's Rincon utility. Amortization will begin once the Company receives a decision on the recently filed rate case and the acquisition premium is approved to be included in customer rates. The acquisition premium balance as of September 30, 2023 was approximately \$0.5 million.

Rate Decision No. 78644, issued on July 27, 2022, approved acquisition premiums related to the acquisitions of the Company's Turner Ranches and Red Rock utilities. Amortization began in 2022 as the acquisition premiums were included in customer rates as approved in the decision. The acquisition premium balance as of September 30, 2023 was approximately \$0.8 million.

(4) The acquired ICFA regulatory liability relates to the offset of intangible assets related to ICFA contracts obtained in connection with the Santa Cruz, Palo Verde, and Sonoran Utility Services, LLC ("Sonoran") acquisitions. When ICFA funds

are received, a portion of the funds reduce the acquired ICFA liability as a partial offset to the amortization expense recognition of the related intangible asset.

(5) Rate Decision No. 78644 issued on July 27, 2022, approved an adjustment to update previously approved depreciation rates.

3. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Regulated Revenue

The Company's operating revenues are primarily attributable to regulated services based upon tariff rates approved by the ACC. Regulated service revenues consist of amounts billed to customers based on approved fixed monthly fees and consumption fees, as well as unbilled revenues estimated from the last meter reading date to the end of the accounting period utilizing historical customer data recorded as accrued revenue. The measurement of sales to customers is generally based on the reading of their meters, which occurs on a systematic basis throughout the month. At the end of each month, the Company estimates consumption since the date of the last meter reading and a corresponding unbilled revenue is recognized. The unbilled revenue estimate is based upon the number of unbilled days that month and the average daily customer billing rate from the previous month (which fluctuates based upon customer usage). The Company applies the invoice practical expedient and recognizes revenue from contracts with customers in the amount for which the Company has a right to invoice. The Company has the right to invoice for the volume of consumption, service charge, and other authorized charges.

The Company satisfies its performance obligation to provide water, wastewater, and recycled water services over time as the services are rendered. Regulated services may be terminated by the customers at will, and, as a result, no separate financing component is recognized for the Company's collections from customers, which generally require payment within 15 days of billing. The Company applies judgment, based principally on historical payment experience, in estimating its customers' ability to pay.

Total revenues do not include sales tax as the Company considers itself a pass-through conduit for collecting and remitting sales taxes.

Unregulated Revenue

Unregulated revenues represent those revenues that are not subject to the ratemaking process of the ACC. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, unregulated revenues primarily related to the revenues recognized on a portion of ICFA funds received.

ICFAs are agreements with developers and homebuilders where the Company provides services to plan, coordinate, and finance the water and wastewater infrastructure that would otherwise be required to be performed or subcontracted by the developer or homebuilder. Services provided within these agreements include coordination of construction services for water and wastewater treatment facilities as well as financing, arranging, and coordinating the provision of utility services. In return, the developers and homebuilders pay the Company an agreed-upon amount per dwelling unit for the land legally described in the agreement, or a portion thereof. Under ICFA agreements, the Company has a contractual obligation to ensure physical capacity exists through its regulated utilities for the provision of water and wastewater utility service to the land when needed. This obligation persists regardless of connection growth.

As these arrangements are with developers and not with the end water or wastewater customer, revenue recognition coincides with the completion of the Company's performance obligations under the agreement with the developer and the regulated utilities' ability to provide fitted capacity for water and wastewater service.

Fees for these services are typically a negotiated amount per equivalent dwelling unit for the for the land legally described in the agreement, or a portion thereof. Payments are generally due in installments, with a portion due upon signing of the agreement, a portion due upon completion of certain milestones, and the final payment due upon final plat approval or sale of the subdivision. The payments are non-refundable. The agreements are generally recorded against the land with the appropriate recorder's office and must be assumed in the event of a sale or transfer of the land. The regional planning and coordination of the infrastructure in the various service areas has been an important part of the Company's business model.

Rate Decision No. 74364 requires a HUF tariff to be established for all ICFAs that come due and are paid subsequent to December 31, 2013, which is a set amount per equivalent dwelling unit determined by the ACC based on the utility and meter size.

As ICFA funds are generally received in installments, Rate Decision No. 74364 prescribes that 70% of funds received must be recorded as a HUF liability, with the remaining 30% to be recorded as deferred revenue, until the HUF liability is fully funded.

The Company is responsible for assuring that the full HUF tariff, which is the set amount determined by the rate decision, is funded in the HUF liability, even if it results in recording less than 30% of the overall ICFA funds as deferred revenue.

Refer to Note 2 – "Regulatory Decision and Related Accounting and Policy Changes" for additional information on the accounting treatment of HUF.

The Company believes that these services are not distinct in the context of the contract because they are highly interdependent with the regulated utilities' ability to provide fitted capacity for water and wastewater services. The Company concluded that the goods and services provided under ICFA contracts constitute a single performance obligation.

ICFA revenue is recognized at a point in time when the regulated utilities have the necessary capacity in place within their infrastructure to provide water/wastewater services to the developer. The Company exercises judgment when estimating the number of equivalent dwelling units that the regulated utilities have capacity to serve.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, ICFA deferred revenue recorded on the consolidated balance sheet totaled \$19.7 million and \$21.0 million, respectively, which represents deferred revenue recorded for ICFA funds received on contracts.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, ICFA revenue recognized totaled \$0.5 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. No ICFA revenue was recognized for the three months or nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Disaggregated Revenues

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, disaggregated revenues from contracts with customers by major source and customer class are as follows (in thousands):

	Th	ree Months En	September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2023 2022		2022	2023			2022
REGULATED REVENUE								
Water Services								
Residential	\$	4,900	\$	4,104	\$	13,261	\$	11,395
Irrigation		1,393		955		2,739		2,283
Commercial		457		295		1,184		907
Construction		537		246		1,036		586
Other water revenues		233		224		696		683
Total water revenues		7,520		5,824		18,916		15,854
Wastewater and recycled water services								
Residential		5,630		5,488		16,725		15,858
Commercial		317		73		906		600
Recycled water revenues		469		428		1,062		1,017
Other wastewater revenues		78		80		265		296
Total wastewater and recycled water revenues		6,494		6,069		18,958		17,770
TOTAL REGULATED REVENUE		14,014		11,893		37,874		33,624
UNREGULATED REVENUE								
ICFA revenues		518		_		2,786		_
Rental revenues				_				5
TOTAL UNREGULATED REVENUE		518		_		2,786		5
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	14,532	\$	11,893	\$	40,660	\$	33,629

Contract Balances

The Company's contract assets and liabilities consist of the following (in thousands):

	Septer	September 30, 2023		ember 31, 2022
CONTRACT ASSETS				
Accounts receivable				
Water services	\$	1,916	\$	1,179
Wastewater and recycled water services		1,303		1,124
Total contract assets	\$	3,219	\$	2,303
CONTRACT LIABILITIES				
Deferred revenue - ICFA	\$	19,656	\$	20,974
Total contract liabilities	\$	19,656	\$	20,974

Remaining Performance Obligations

Revenue allocated to remaining performance obligations represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized, which includes deferred revenue and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized as revenue in future periods. Contracted revenue expected to be recognized in future periods was approximately \$19.7 million and \$21.0 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Deferred revenue - ICFA is recognized as revenue once the obligations specified within the applicable ICFA are met, including construction of sufficient operating capacity to serve the customers for which revenue was deferred. Due to the uncertainty of future events, the Company is unable to estimate when to expect recognition of deferred revenue - ICFA.

4. LEASES

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of future lease payments, excluding variable payments based on usage or performance, and calculates the present value using implicit rates. Leases with an initial term of twelve months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company entered into nine new finance leases for vehicles with either 48 or 60 month terms, all of which include a purchase option.

In January 2022, the Company entered into a five-year finance lease for office equipment which expires on January 31, 2027. There is no purchase option in the lease agreement but the Company controls and obtains substantially all of the benefit from the identified asset.

In December 2021, the Company entered into a new five-year corporate office lease agreement with a commencement date of May 1, 2022. The new monthly rent expense increased to \$23,750 for each full calendar month commencing on May 1, 2022 through April 30, 2025 and will increase to \$41,572 for each calendar month commencing on May 1, 2025 through April 30, 2027. On March 1, 2022 the Company amended the terms of the lease to incorporate construction of tenant improvements.

Rent expense arising from the operating leases totaled approximately \$100,000 and \$97,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Rent expense arising from the operating leases totaled approximately \$295,000 and \$223,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The right-of-use ("ROU") asset recorded represents the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and ROU lease liability represents the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term.

ROU assets at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 consist of the following (in thousands):

	Septer	nber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Financing Lease	\$	443	\$ 405
Operating Lease		1,263	 1,486
Total	\$	1,706	\$ 1,891

Lease liabilities at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 consist of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Financing Lease	\$ 534	\$ 597
Operating Lease	1,363	1,524
Total	\$ 1,897	\$ 2,121

At September 30, 2023, the remaining aggregate annual minimum lease payments are as follows (in thousands):

	Finance Lease Obligations	Operating Lease Obligations
2023 (remaining period)	\$ 57	\$ 74
2024	199	294
2025	171	431
2026	125	499
2027	25	166
Thereafter	<u> </u>	_
Subtotal	577	1,464
Less: amount representing interest	(43)	(101)
Total	\$ 534	\$ 1,363

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Depreciable property, plant, and equipment at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 consist of the following (in thousands):

	Septen	December 31, 2022			
Equipment	\$	60,200	\$	55,178	
Office buildings and other structures		64,353		54,647	
Transmission and distribution plant		284,253		234,218	
Total property, plant, and equipment	\$	408,806	\$	344,043	

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is computed based on the estimated useful lives as follows:

	Useful Lives
Equipment	3 to 30 years
Office buildings and other structures	30 years
Transmission and distribution plant	10 to 50 years

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 consist of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Billed receivables	\$ 3,219	\$ 2,303
Less provision for credit losses	(142)	(164)
Accounts receivable — net	\$ 3,077	\$ 2,139

7. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

The goodwill balance was \$10.9 million at September 30, 2023 and is related to the Turner, Red Rock, Mirabell, Francesca, Tortolita, Lyn Lee, Las Quintas Serenas, Rincon, Twin Hawks, and Farmers acquisitions. As of June 30, 2022, the Company reclassified approximately \$0.8 million of goodwill to regulatory assets related to Red Rock Water, Red Rock Wastewater, and Turner Ranches acquisition premiums as a result of Rate Decision No. 78644 (refer to Note 2 - "Regulatory Decision and Related Accounting and Policy Changes" for additional information). The Farmers acquisition contributed approximately \$6.0 million to the change in the goodwill balance (refer to Note 15 - "Acquisitions" for additional information). There were no indicators of impairment identified as a result of the Company's review of events and circumstances related to its goodwill subsequent to the acquisitions.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the goodwill balance consisted of the following (in thousands):

	er 31, 2022 dance	Acqu	isition Activity	5	Adjustments Subsequent to cquisition Date	Sep	otember 30, 2023 Balance
Goodwill	\$ 4,957	\$	5,956	\$	10	\$	10,923

Intangible Assets

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, intangible assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

		September 30, 202	23		December 31, 2022					
	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Amount	Gross Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Amount				
INDEFINITE LIVED INTANGIBLE A	ASSETS:									
CP Water Certificate of Convenience & Necessity service area	1,532		\$ 1,532	\$ 1,532		\$ 1,532				
Intangible trademark	13		13	13		13				
Franchise contract rights	139		139	132		132				
Organizational costs	87		87	87		87				
Total indefinite lived intangible assets	1,771		1,771	1,764		1,764				
DEFINITE LIVED INTANGIBLE AS	SETS:									
Acquired ICFAs	17,978	(16,105)	1,873	17,978	(14,785)	3,193				
Sonoran contract rights	7,406	(2,285)	5,121	7,406	(2,224)	5,182				
Total definite lived intangible assets	25,384	(18,390)	6,994	25,384	(17,009)	8,375				
Total intangible assets	\$ 27,155	\$ (18,390)	\$ 8,765	\$ 27,148	\$ (17,009)	\$ 10,139				

A Certificate of Convenience & Necessity ("CC&N") is a permit issued by the ACC allowing a public service corporation to serve a specified area, and preventing other public service corporations from offering the same services within the specified area. The CP Water CC&N intangible asset was acquired through the acquisition of CP Water Company in 2006. This CC&N permit has no outstanding conditions that would require renewal.

Franchise contract rights and organizational costs relate to the 2018 acquisition of Red Rock and the 2023 acquisition of Farmers. Franchise contract rights are agreements with Pima and Pinal counties for Red Rock and Pima county for Farmers that allow the Company to place infrastructure in public right-of-way and permits expected to be renewable indefinitely. The organizational costs represent fees paid to federal or state governments for the privilege of incorporation and expenditures incident to organizing the corporation and preparing it to conduct business.

Acquired ICFAs and contract rights related to the 2005 acquisition of Sonoran assets are amortized when cash is received in proportion to the amount of total cash expected to be received under the underlying agreements. Due to the uncertainty of the timing of when cash will be received under ICFA agreements and contract rights, the Company cannot reliably estimate when the remaining intangible assets' amortization will be recorded. There was \$1.4 million of amortization recorded for these balances for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. There was \$0.1 million of amortization recorded for these balances for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022.

8. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company provides medical benefits to employees through its participation in a pooled plan sponsored by an affiliate of a significant shareholder and director of the Company. Medical claims paid to the plan were approximately \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Medical claims paid to the plan were approximately \$0.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and \$0.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Refer to Note 1 — "Basis of Presentation, Corporate Transactions, Significant Accounting Policies, and Recent Accounting Pronouncements — Corporate Transactions" (specifically the "Public Offering of Common Stock" and "Private Placement Offering of Common Stock" sections) for additional information regarding other related party disclosures.

9. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 consist of the following (in thousands):

	Septen	nber 30, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022
Property taxes	\$	1,890	\$	1,195
Interest		1,707		483
Accrued Bonus		895		557
Customer prepayments		836		588
Accrued project liabilities		812		1,585
Asset retirement obligations		697		697
Dividend payable		600		593
Deferred compensation		377		818
Accrued payroll		263		50
Accrued sales taxes		247		152
Accrued professional fees		224		60
Other accrued liabilities		1,030		1,278
Total accrued expenses	\$	9,578	\$	8,056

10. FAIR VALUE

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between assumptions based on market data (observable inputs) and the Company's assumptions (unobservable inputs). The hierarchy consists of three levels, as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs developed using the Company's estimates and assumptions, which reflect those that the Company believes market participants would use.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2023								December 31, 2022							
		Level 1	L	evel 2	_1	Level 3		Total	L	evel 1	L	evel 2	Le	evel 3		Total
Asset/Liability Type:																
HUF Funds - restricted cash ⁽¹⁾	\$	1,533	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,533	\$	161	\$	_	\$	_	\$	161
Demand Deposit ⁽²⁾		1				_		1		50						50
Certificate of Deposit - Restricted ⁽¹⁾		_		843		_		843		_		840		_		840
Acquisition Liability ⁽³⁾						2,146		2,146						838		838
Total	\$	1,534	\$	843	\$	2,146	\$	4,523	\$	211	\$	840	\$	838	\$	1,889

⁽¹⁾ HUF Funds - restricted cash and Certificate of Deposit - Restricted are presented on the Restricted cash line item of the Company's consolidated balance sheets and are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The increase was primarily driven by additional funds received in growth areas of several utilities

In addition, as part of the Farmers acquisition, the Company is required to pay the seller a growth premium equal to \$1,000 (not in thousands) for each new account established in the service area, up to a total aggregate growth premium of \$3.5 million. The obligation period of the growth premium commences on the closing date of the acquisition and ends ten years after the first new account for residential purposes is established on land that is, at the time of the closing date of the acquisition, undeveloped or unplatted and owned by the seller within the service area or ten years after the date of closing if a new account (as previously described) has not been established.

11. DEBT

The outstanding balances and maturity dates for short-term (including the current portion of long-term debt) and long-term debt as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows (in thousands):

		Septembe	r 30, 2023	Decembe	r 31, 2022		
	Sho	rt-term	Long-term	Short-term		Long-term	
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE -							
4.380% Series A 2016, maturing June 2028	\$		28,750	\$ _	\$	28,750	
4.580% Series B 2016, maturing June 2036		3,833	74,750	3,833		76,667	
		3,833	103,500	3,833		105,417	
OTHER							
Debt issuance costs			(437)	_		(472)	
Loan Payable		47	195	_		_	
Total debt	\$	3,880	\$ 103,258	\$ 3,833	\$	104,945	

Debt is measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 as follows (in thousands):

		September	30, 2023			December	31, 2022	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-term debt ⁽³⁾	_	100,113	_	100,113	_	103,611	_	103,611

(3) The fair value of debt was estimated based on interest rates considered available for instruments of similar terms and remaining maturities.

⁽²⁾ Demand Deposit is presented on the Cash and cash equivalents line item of the Company's consolidated balance sheets and is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

⁽³⁾ As part of the Red Rock acquisition, the Company is required to pay to the seller a growth premium equal to \$750 (not in thousands) for each new account established within three specified growth premium areas, commencing in each area on the date of the first meter installation and ending on the earlier of ten years after such first installation date, or twenty years from the acquisition date. The fair value of the acquisition liability was calculated using a discounted cash flow technique which utilized unobservable inputs developed using the Company's estimates and assumptions. Significant inputs used in the fair value calculation are as follows: year of the first meter installation, total new accounts per year, years to complete full build out, and discount rate.

2016 Senior Secured Notes

On June 24, 2016, the Company issued two series of senior secured notes with an aggregate total principal balance of \$115.0 million at a blended interest rate of 4.55%. Series A carries a principal balance of \$28.8 million and bears an interest rate of 4.38% over a twelve-year term, with the principal payment due on June 15, 2028. Series B carries a principal balance of \$78.6 million and bears an interest rate of 4.58% over a 20-year term. Series B was interest only for the first five years, with \$1.9 million principal payments paid semiannually thereafter beginning December 2021. The senior secured notes are collateralized by a security interest in the Company's equity interest in its subsidiaries, including all payments representing profits and qualifying distributions.

The senior secured notes require the Company to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of consolidated EBITDA to consolidated debt service of at least 1.10 to 1.00. Consolidated EBITDA is calculated as net income plus depreciation and amortization, taxes, interest and other non-cash charges net of non-cash income. Consolidated debt service is calculated as interest expense, principal payments, and dividend or stock repurchases. The senior secured notes also contain a provision limiting the payment of dividends if the Company falls below a debt service ratio of 1.25. However, for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 through the quarter ending March 31, 2024, the debt service ratio drops to 1.20. The debt service ratio increases to 1.25 for any fiscal quarter during the period from and after June 30, 2024. As of September 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with its financial debt covenants.

Note Purchase Agreement

On October 26, 2023, the Company entered into a note purchase agreement with Jackson National Life Insurance Company pursuant to which the Company will, subject to customer closing conditions, issue an aggregate principal amount of \$20,000,000 of 6.91% Senior Secured Notes due on January 3, 2034 (the "Notes"). The Company plans to use the proceeds from the Notes offering to refinance existing indebtedness, to support capital investments associated with growth and for general corporate purposes.

Revolving Credit Line

On April 30, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement with Northern Trust for a two-year revolving line of credit initially up to \$10.0 million with an initial maturity date of April 30, 2022 (as amended, the "Northern Trust Loan Agreement"). This credit facility, which may be used to refinance existing indebtedness, to acquire assets to use in and/or expand the Company's business, and for general corporate purposes, initially bore an interest rate equal to London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 2.00% and had no unused line fee.

On April 30, 2021, the Company and Northern Trust entered into an amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement pursuant to which, among other things, the maturity date for the Company's revolving credit line was extended from April 30, 2022 to April 30, 2024.

On July 26, 2022, the Company and Northern Trust entered into a second amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement, which, among other things, further extended the scheduled maturity date for the revolving line of credit from April 30, 2024 to July 1, 2024, increased the maximum principal amount available for borrowing from \$10.0 million to \$15.0 million, and replaced the LIBOR interest rate provisions with provisions based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR).

On June 28, 2023, the Company and Northern Trust entered into a third amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement, which, among other things, (i) further amended the scheduled maturity date for the revolving line of credit from July 1, 2024 to July 1, 2025 and (ii) added a quarterly facility fee equal to 0.35% of the average daily unused amount of the revolving line of credit.

On October 26, 2023, the Company and Northern Trust entered into a fourth amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement, which, among other things, further amended the terms and conditions set forth in the Loan Agreement to make certain conforming changes to reflect the issuance of the Notes and related matters.

The Northern Trust Loan Agreement requires the Company to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of consolidated EBITDA to consolidated debt service of at least 1.10 to 1.00. The Northern Trust Loan Agreement also contains a provision limiting the payment of dividends if the Company falls below a debt service ratio of 1.25. However, for the quarter ending June 30, 2021 through the quarter ending March 31, 2024, the ratio drops to 1.20. As of September 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with its financial debt covenants.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the outstanding borrowings on this credit line were approximately \$15,000 and \$0, respectively. There were approximately \$4,000 and \$9,812 unamortized debt issuance costs as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

In 2020, ASU 2020-04 was issued establishing ASC 848, Reference Rate Reform, and in 2021 ASU 2021-01, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Scope was issued (collectively, "ASC 848"). ASC 848 contains practical expedients for reference rate reform related activities that impact debt, leases, derivatives and other contracts. The guidance in ASC 848 is optional and may be elected over time as reference rate reform activities occur. In 2022, ASU 2022-06, Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848 (ASU 2022-06) was issued to defer the sunset date of ASC 848 to December 31, 2024. ASU 2022-06 was effective immediately for all companies. The Company continues to evaluate the impact of ASC 848.

At September 30, 2023, the remaining aggregate annual maturities of debt obligations are as follows (in thousands):

	 Debt
2023 (remaining period)	\$ 1,917
2024	3,836
2025	3,839
2026	3,843
2027	3,847
2028	32,568
Thereafter	 57,287
Subtotal	107,137
Less: amount representing interest	_
Total	\$ 107,137

12. INCOME TAXES

For the three months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recorded tax expense of \$0.9 million as compared to \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The \$0.3 million increase in tax expense was primarily driven by the increase in pre-tax income for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recorded tax expense of \$2.5 million as compared to \$0.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The \$1.7 million increase in tax expense was primarily driven by the increase in pre-tax income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, partially offset by a tax benefit of approximately \$0.7 million from the reversal of the regulatory liability related to Rate Decision No. 78622 (refer to Note 2 - "Regulatory Decision and Related Accounting and Policy Changes" for additional information) for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION AWARDS

Stock-based compensation

Stock-based compensation related to option awards is measured based on the fair value of the award. The fair value of stock option awards is determined using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Company recognizes compensation expense associated with the options over the vesting period.

2017 stock option grant

In August 2017, GWRI's Board of Directors granted stock options to acquire 465,000 shares of GWRI's common stock to employees throughout the Company. The options were granted with an exercise price of \$9.40, the market price of the Company's common shares on the NASDAQ Global Market at the close of business on August 10, 2017. The options vested over a four-year period, with 25% having vested in August 2018, 25% having vested in August 2019, 25% having vested in August 2020, and 25% having vested in August 2021. The options have a 10-year life. The Company expensed the \$1.1 million fair value of the stock option grant ratably over the four-year vesting period. As of August 2021, these options were fully expensed. As of September 30, 2023, 128,454 options have been exercised and 69,225 options have been forfeited with 267,321 options outstanding.

2019 stock option grant

In August 2019, GWRI's Board of directors granted stock options to acquire 250,000 shares of GWRI's common stock to employees throughout the Company. The options were granted with an exercise price of \$11.26, the market price of the Company's common shares on the NASDAQ Global Market at the close of business on August 13, 2019. The options vest over a four-year period, with 25% having vested in August 2020, 25% having vested in August 2021, 25% having vested in August 2022, and 25% vesting in August 2023. The options have a 10-year life. The Company will expense the \$0.8 million fair value of the stock option grant ratably over the four-year vesting period. Stock-based compensation expense of \$20,000 and \$45,000 was recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$92,000 and \$135,000 was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of September 30, 2023, 42,217 options have been exercised and 30,520 options have been forfeited with 177,263 options outstanding.

Phantom stock/Restricted stock units compensation

Restricted stock units are granted in the first quarter based on the prior year's performance and vest over a three-year period. The units are credited quarterly using the closing price of the Company's common stock on the applicable record date for the respective quarter. The following table details total awards granted and the number of units outstanding as of September 30, 2023, along with the amounts paid to holders of the phantom stock units ("PSUs") and/or restricted stock units ("RSUs") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands, except unit amounts):

			Amounts Paid For the Three Months Ended September 30,			Ar	nounts Paid For Ended Sep	 	
Grant Date	Units Granted	Units Outstanding		2023		2022		2023	2022
Q1 2019	32,190	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 45
Q1 2020	22,481			_		25		_	86
Q1 2021 ⁽¹⁾	27,403	4,267		27		31		85	105
Q1 2022 ⁽¹⁾	22,262	10,669		23		26		70	56
Q1 2023 ⁽¹⁾	30,366	24,249		31				62	_
Total	134,702	39,185	\$	81	\$	82	\$	217	\$ 292

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to the Global Water Resources, Inc. 2020 Omnibus Incentive Plan, effective May 7, 2020, long-term incentive awards are no longer granted in the form of PSUs and are granted as RSUs instead.

Stock appreciation rights compensation

The following table details the recipients of the stock appreciation rights ("SARs") awards, the grant date, units granted, exercise price, outstanding units as of September 30, 2023 and amounts paid during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands, except unit and per unit amounts):

				Amounts Paid For the Three Months Ended September 30, Amounts Paid Months En						ed Se		
Recipients	Grant Date	Units Granted	Exercise Units Price Outstanding			2023 2022		2 2023		2022		
Members of Management (1)(2)	Q1 2015	299,000	\$ 4.26	45,500		_		_	\$	165	\$	62
Members of Management (1)(3)	Q3 2017	103,000	\$ 9.40	17,000		_				_		_
Members of Management (1)(4)	Q1 2018	33,000	\$ 8.99	8,250		_		_		_		_
Total		435,000		70,750	\$		\$		\$	165	\$	62

- (1) The SARs vest ratably over 16 quarters from the grant date.
- (2) The exercise price was determined to be the fair market value of one share of GWR Global Water Resources Corp. stock on the grant date of February 11, 2015.
- (3) The exercise price was determined to be the fair market value of one share of GWRI stock on the grant date of August 10, 2017.
- (4) The exercise price was determined to be the fair market value of one share of GWRI stock on the grant date of March 12, 2018.

For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company recorded approximately \$0.0 million and \$0.1 million of negative compensation expense related to the PSUs/RSUs and SARs, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company recorded approximately \$0.0 million and \$0.2 million of negative compensation expense related to the PSUs/RSUs and SARs, respectively. These are liability awards, so when the stock price decreases, cumulative compensation expense is reduced, which can lead to negative compensation in a given period. Based on GWRI's closing share price on September 29, 2023 (the last trading date of the quarter), deferred compensation expense to be recognized over future periods is estimated for the years ending December 31 as follows (in thousands):

	 RSUs / PSUs
2023 (remaining period)	\$ 155
2024	214
2025	 120
Total	\$ 489

Restricted stock compensation

On May 7, 2020, the Company's stockholders approved the Global Water Resources, Inc. 2020 Omnibus Incentive Plan which allows restricted stock awards as a form of compensation. A restricted stock award ("RSA") represents the right to receive a share of the Company's common stock. RSAs vest over two to three years, beginning on the date of the grant. The Company assumes that forfeitures will be minimal and recognizes forfeitures as they occur, which results in a reduction in compensation expense. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, 6,000 RSAs were issued. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recorded approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.7 million of compensation expense related to the grant and partial vesting of RSAs, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, no RSAs were issued. The Company recorded approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.9 million of compensation expense related to the grant and partial vesting of RSAs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

14. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The following is supplemental cash flow information for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 3			
		2023		2022
Supplemental cash flow information:				
Cash paid for interest - net of amounts capitalized	\$	2,343	\$	2,072
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	276	\$	1,402
Non-cash financing and investing activities:				
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,251	\$	2,692
Business acquisition through issuance of contingent consideration payable	\$	1,330	\$	_
Finance lease additions	\$	94	\$	_

15. ACQUISITIONS

Acquisition of Farmers Water Company

On February 1, 2023, the Company acquired all of the equity of Farmers, an operator of a water utility with service area in Pima County, Arizona, for a total consideration of \$7.6 million consisting of \$6.2 million in cash plus a growth premium estimated at \$1.4 million. The acquisition added approximately 3,300 active water service connections and approximately 21.5 square miles of service area in Sahuarita, Arizona and the surrounding unincorporated area of Pima County.

The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination under ASC 805, "Business Combinations" and the purchase price was allocated to the acquired utility assets and liabilities based on the acquisition-date fair values. Fair values are determined in accordance with ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurement," which allows for the characteristics of the acquired assets and liabilities to be considered, particularly restrictions on the use of the asset and liabilities. Regulation is considered both a restriction on the use of the assets and liabilities, as it relates to inclusion in rate base, and a fundamental input to measuring the fair value in a business combination. Substantially all the Company's operations are subject to the rate-setting authority of the ACC and are accounted for pursuant to accounting guidance for regulated operations. The rate-setting and cost recovery provisions currently in place for the Company's regulated operations provide revenues derived from costs, including a return on investment of assets and liabilities included in rate base. As such, the fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities subject to these rate-setting provisions approximates the pre-acquisition carrying values and does not reflect any net valuation adjustments.

Under the terms of the purchase agreement, the Company is obligated to pay the seller a growth premium equal to \$1,000 for each new account established in the service area, up to a total aggregate growth premium of \$3.5 million. The obligation period of the growth premium commences on the closing date of the acquisition and ends (i) ten years after the first new account for residential purposes is established on land that is, at the time of the closing date of the acquisition, undeveloped or unplatted and owned by the seller within the service area or (ii) ten years after the date of closing if a new account (as described above) has not been established.

A preliminary purchase price allocation of the net assets acquired in the transaction is as follows (in thousands):

Net assets acquired:	
Cash	\$ 28
Accounts receivable	72
Property, plant and equipment	10,386
Construction work-in-progress	126
Prepaids	8
Intangibles ⁽¹⁾	7
Other taxes	(35)
Other accrued liabilities	(44)
Developer deposits	(22)
AIAC	(1,481)
CIAC	 (7,425)
Total net assets assumed	1,620
Goodwill	 5,956
Total purchase price	\$ 7,576

⁽¹⁾ Intangibles consist of franchise contract rights and organization costs. Refer to Note 7 — "Goodwill & Intangible Assets" for additional information regarding the intangibles.

The goodwill reflects the value paid primarily for the long-term potential for connection growth as a result of the Company's increased scale and diversity, opportunities for synergies, and an improved risk profile.

While the Company uses the best available estimates and assumptions to accurately value assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, such estimates are inherently uncertain and subject to refinement. Events and circumstances may occur that may affect the accuracy or validity of such assumptions, estimates or actual results. As a result, during the one-year measurement period from the acquisition date, the Company may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities

assumed with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Any adjustments subsequent to the conclusion of the measurement period or final determination of the values of assets acquired or liabilities assumed, whichever comes first, will be recorded in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

The Company has operating and finance leases for vehicles, office equipment, and office space. Refer to Note 4 – "Leases" for additional information.

On October 16, 2018, the Company completed the acquisition of Red Rock, an operator of a water and a wastewater utility with service areas in the Pima and Pinal counties of Arizona. Under the terms of the purchase agreement, the Company is obligated to pay to the seller a growth premium equal to \$750 for each new account established within three specified growth premium areas, commencing in each area on the date of the first meter installation and ending on the earlier of ten years after such first installation date or twenty years from the acquisition date. As of September 30, 2023, no meters have been installed and no accounts have been established in any of the three growth premium areas.

Contingencies

From time to time, in the ordinary course of business, the Company may be subject to pending or threatened lawsuits in which claims for monetary damages are asserted. Management is not aware of any legal proceeding of which the ultimate resolution could materially affect the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following management's discussion and analysis of Global Water Resources, Inc.'s (the "Company", "GWRI", "we", or "us") financial condition and results of operations ("MD&A") relate to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and should be read together with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in Part I, Item 1 of this report.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking in nature and may constitute "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Often, but not always, forward-looking statements can be identified by the words "believes", "anticipates", "plans", "expects", "intends", "projects", "estimates", "objective", "goal", "focus", "aim", "should", "could", "may", and similar expressions. These forward-looking statements include future estimates described in "Business Outlook", "Factors Affecting our Results of Operations", and "Liquidity and Capital Resources". These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about our strategies; expectations about future business plans, prospective performance, growth, and opportunities; future financial performance; regulatory and Arizona Corporation Commission ("ACC") proceedings and approvals, such as the anticipated benefits resulting from Rate Decision No. 78644, including our expected collective revenue increase due to new water and wastewater rates and benefits from consolidation of rates; our expectation that the ACC will not take any further material action relating to the Private Letter Ruling request issued by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"); acquisition plans and our ability to complete additional acquisitions; population and growth projections; technologies, including expected benefits from implementing such technologies; revenues; metrics; operating expenses; trends relating to our industry, market, population growth, and housing permits; the adequacy of our water supply to service our current demand and growth for the foreseeable future; liquidity; plans and expectations for capital expenditures; cash flows and uses of cash; dividends; depreciation and amortization; tax payments; our ability to repay indebtedness and invest in initiatives; the anticipated impact and resolutions of legal matters; the anticipated impact of new or proposed laws, including regulatory requirements, tax changes, and judicial decisions; and the anticipated impact of accounting changes and other pronouncements.

Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results. They are based on numerous assumptions that we believe are reasonable, but they are open to a wide range of uncertainties and business risks. Consequently, actual results may vary materially from what is contained in a forward-looking statement. Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements, including risks related to legal, regulatory, and legislative matters; risks related to our business and operations; risks related to market and financial matters; risk related to technology; risks related to the ownership of our common stock; and certain general risks, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. These and other factors are discussed in the risk factors described in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 (the "2022 Form 10-K"). Additionally, there may be other risks described from time to time in the reports that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of this report. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly release the results of any revision to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Overview

GWRI is a water resource management company that owns, operates, and manages twenty-nine water, wastewater, and recycled water systems in strategically located communities, principally in metropolitan Phoenix and Tucson, Arizona. The Company seeks to deploy an integrated approach, referred to as "Total Water Management." Total Water Management is a comprehensive approach to water utility management that reduces demand on scarce non-renewable water sources and costly renewable water supplies, in a manner that ensures sustainability and greatly benefits communities both environmentally and economically. This approach employs a series of principles and practices that can be tailored to each community:

- Reuse of recycled water, either directly or to non-potable uses, through aquifer recharge, or possibly direct potable reuse in the future;
- · Regional planning;
- Use of advanced technology and data:
- Employing respected subject matter experts and retaining thought and application leaders;

- Leading outreach and educational initiatives to ensure all stakeholders including customers, development partners, regulators, and utility staff are knowledgeable on the principles and practices of the Total Water Management approach; and
- Establishing partnerships with communities, developers, and industry stakeholders to gain support of the Total Water Management principles and practices.

Business Outlook

There was a trend of positive growth in new connections during 2022, and during the first nine months of 2023, growth continued at a moderate rate. According to the 2020 U.S. Census Data, the Phoenix metropolitan statistical area ("MSA") is the 11th largest MSA in the U.S. and had a population of 4.8 million, an increase of 14% over the 4.2 million people reported in the 2010 Census. Metropolitan Phoenix continues to grow due to its comparatively affordable housing, excellent weather, large and growing universities, a diverse employment base, and low taxes. The Employment and Population Statistics Department of the State of Arizona predicts that the Phoenix metropolitan area will have a population of 5.8 million people by 2030 and 6.5 million by 2040. Job growth year over year in Arizona as of September 30, 2023 was 2.2%, and the state continues to be ranked in the top half nationally for job growth.

Despite market data indicating a general slowdown in housing for the Phoenix metropolitan area primarily due to inflation and increased interest rates, management believes that we are well-positioned to benefit from the growth expected in the Phoenix metropolitan area due to the availability of lots, existing infrastructure in place within our services areas, and increased activity related to multi-family developments.

Factors Affecting our Results of Operations

Our financial condition and results of operations are influenced by a variety of industry-wide factors, including but not limited to:

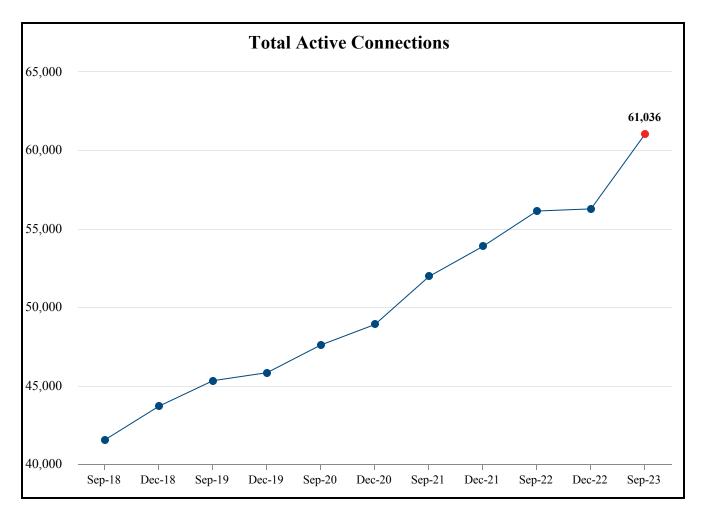
- population and community growth;
- economic and environmental utility regulation;
- economic environment;
- the need for infrastructure investment;
- production and treatment costs;
- weather and seasonality; and
- access to and quality of water supply.

We are subject to economic regulation by the state regulator, the ACC. The U.S. federal and state governments also regulate environmental, health and safety, and water quality matters. We continue to execute on our strategy to optimize and focus the Company in order to provide greater value to our customers and shareholders by aiming to deliver predictable financial results, making prudent capital investments, and focusing our efforts on earning an appropriate rate of return on our investments.

Population and Community Growth

Population and community growth in the metropolitan Phoenix area served by our utilities have a direct impact on our earnings. An increase or decrease in our active service connections will affect our revenues and variable expenses in a corresponding manner. As of September 30, 2023, active service connections increased 4,902, or 8.7%, to 61,036 compared to 56,134 active service connections as of September 30, 2022, primarily due to the acquisition of Farmers Water Co. ("Farmers") and organic growth in our service areas. Approximately 88.3% of the 61,036 active service connections are serviced by our Global Water - Santa Cruz Water Company, Inc. ("Santa Cruz") and Global Water - Palo Verde Utilities Company, Inc. ("Palo Verde") utilities as of September 30, 2023.

The graph below presents the historical change in active and total connections for our ongoing operations over the past five years.



Economic and Environmental Utility Regulation

We are subject to extensive regulation of our rates by the ACC, which is charged with establishing rates based on the provision of reliable service at a reasonable cost while also providing an opportunity to earn a fair rate of return on rate base for investors of utilities. The ACC uses a historical test year to evaluate whether the plant in service is used and useful, to assess whether costs were prudently incurred, and to set "just and reasonable" rates. Rate base is typically the depreciated original cost of the plant in service (net of contributions in aid of construction ("CIAC") and advances in aid of construction ("AIAC") which are funds or property provided to a utility under the terms of a main extension agreement, the value of which may be refundable), that has been determined to have been "prudently invested" and "used and useful", although the reconstruction cost of the utility plant may also be considered in determining the rate base. The ACC also decides on an applicable capital structure based on actual or hypothetical analyses. The ACC determines a "rate of return" on that rate base, which includes the approved capital structure and the actual cost of debt and a fair and reasonable cost of equity based on the ACC's judgment. The overall revenue requirement for rate making purposes is established by multiplying the rate of return by the rate base and adding "prudently" incurred operating expenses for the test year, depreciation, and any applicable pro forma adjustments.

To ensure an optimal combination of access to water and water conservation balanced with a fair rate of return for investors, our water utility operating revenue is based on two components: a fixed fee and a consumption or volumetric fee. For our water utilities, the fixed fee, or "basic service charge," provides access to water for residential usage and has generally been set at a level to produce approximately 50% of total water revenue. The volumetric fee is based on the total volume of water supplied to a given customer after the minimum number of gallons, if any, covered by the basic service charge, multiplied by a price per gallon set by a tariff approved by the ACC. A discount to the volumetric rate applies for customers that use less than an amount specified by the ACC. For all investor-owned water utilities, the ACC requires the establishment of inverted tier conservation-oriented rates, meaning that the price of water increases as consumption increases. For wastewater utilities, wastewater collection, and treatment can be based on volumetric or fixed fees. Our wastewater utility services are billed based solely on a fixed fee, determined by the size of the water meter installed. Recycled water is sold on a volumetric basis with no fixed fee component.

We are required to file rate cases with the ACC to obtain approval for a change in rates. Rate cases and other rate-related proceedings can take a year or more to complete. As a result, there is frequently a delay, or regulatory lag, between the time of a capital investment or incurrence of an operating expense increase and when those costs are reflected in rates. We believe it is common industry practice to file for a rate increase every three to five years. Refer to "—Rate Case Activity" below and Note 2 – "Regulatory Decision and Related Accounting and Policy Changes" of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information.

Additionally, our water and wastewater utility operations are subject to extensive regulation by U.S. federal, state, and local regulatory agencies that enforce environmental, health, and safety requirements, which affect all of our regulated subsidiaries. Environmental, health and safety, and water quality regulations are complex and change frequently, and they have tended to become more stringent over time. Although it is difficult to project the ultimate costs of complying with pending or future requirements, we do not expect requirements under current regulations to have a material impact on our operations or financial condition, although it is possible new methods of treating drinking water may be required if additional regulations become effective in the future. For example, on March 14, 2023, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") announced the proposed National Primary Drinking Water Regulation ("NPDWR") for the treatment of six per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances or compounds ("PFAS"). The NPDWR proposed maximum contaminant levels ("MCLs") in drinking water. If finalized as proposed, the regulation will require public water systems to monitor for these compounds. It will also require public water systems to notify customers and treat drinking water to reduce the compounds, if the MCL is exceeded. The proposed NPDWR was issued for public comment and the EPA expects to finalize the regulation by early 2024. Once the rule is finalized, water systems will be required to comply with the rule after a specified implementation period, anticipated to be three years from the rule-adoption date. The Company is currently reviewing the proposed regulation as compared to our current treatment standards and expects that the regulation, once finalized, will result in changes to or addition of certain treatment processes that will require increased capital expenditures and water treatment and other operating costs. As other newer or stricter standards are introduced in the future, they could also increase our operating expenses. We would generally expect to recover expenses associated with compliance for environmental and health and safety standards through rate increases, but this recovery may be affected by regulatory lag. Capital expenditures and operating costs required as a result of water quality standards have been traditionally recognized by the ACC as appropriate for inclusion in establishing rates.

Infrastructure Investment

Capital expenditures for infrastructure investment are a component of the rate base on which our regulated utility subsidiaries are allowed to earn an equity rate of return. Capital expenditures for infrastructure provide a basis for earnings growth by expanding our "used and useful" rate base, which is a component of our permitted return on investment and revenue requirement. We are generally able to recover a rate of return on these capital expenditures (return on equity and debt), together with debt service and certain operating costs, through the rates we charge.

We have an established capital improvement plan to make targeted capital investments to repair and replace existing infrastructure as needed, address operating redundancy requirements, improve our overall financial performance and expand our infrastructure in areas where growth is occurring.

Production and Treatment Costs

Our water and wastewater services require significant production resources and therefore result in significant production costs. Although we are permitted to recover these costs through the rates we charge, regulatory lag can decrease our margins and earnings if production costs or other operating expenses increase significantly before we are able to recover them through increased rates. Our most significant costs include labor, chemicals used to treat water and wastewater, and power used to operate pumps and other equipment. Power and chemical costs can be volatile. However, we employ a variety of technologies and methodologies to minimize costs and maximize operational efficiencies.

Cybersecurity Risks

In the regular course of our business, we manage a range of sensitive security, customer, and business systems information. A security breach of our information systems such as theft or the inappropriate release of certain types of information, including confidential customer, employee, financial or system operating information, could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. We operate in a highly regulated industry that requires the continued operation of sophisticated information technology systems and network infrastructure. Despite implementation of security measures, our technology systems are vulnerable to disability, failures or unauthorized access. Our facilities, information technology systems and other infrastructure facilities and systems and physical assets could be

targets of such unauthorized access. Failures or breaches of our systems could impact the reliability of our systems and also subject us to financial harm. If our technology systems were to fail or be breached and if we are unable to recover in a timely way, we may not be able to fulfill critical business functions and sensitive confidential data could be compromised, which could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

We are subject to laws and rules issued by multiple government agencies concerning safeguarding and maintaining the confidentiality of our security, customer, and business information. The increasing promulgation of rules and standards will increase our compliance costs and our exposure to the potential risk of violations of the standards.

We have experienced, and expect to continue to experience, these types of threats and attempted intrusions. The implementation of additional security measures could increase costs and have a material adverse impact on our financial results. We have obtained cyber insurance to provide coverage for a portion of the losses and damages that may result from a security breach of our information technology systems, but such insurance may not cover the total loss or damage caused by a breach. These types of events could also require significant management attention and resources, and could adversely affect our reputation with customers and the public.

Weather and Seasonality

Our ability to meet the existing and future water demands of our customers depends on an adequate supply of water. Drought, overuse of sources of water, the protection of threatened species or habitats, or other factors may limit the availability of ground and surface water.

Also, customer usage of water and recycled water is affected by weather conditions, particularly during the summer. Our water systems generally experience higher demand in the summer due to the warmer temperatures and increased usage by customers for irrigation and other outdoor uses. However, summer weather that is cooler or wetter than average generally suppresses customer water demand and can have a downward effect on our operating revenue and operating income. Conversely, when weather conditions are extremely dry, our business may be affected by government-issued drought-related warnings and/or water usage restrictions that would artificially lower customer demand and reduce our operating revenue.

The limited geographic diversity of our service areas makes the results of our operations more sensitive to the effect of local weather extremes. The second and third quarters of the year are generally those in which water services revenue and wastewater services revenues are highest. For additional information and risks associated with weather and seasonality, see "Risk Factors," included in Part I, Item 1A of the 2022 Form 10-K.

Access to and Quality of Water Supply

In many areas of Arizona (including certain areas that we service), water supplies are limited and, in some cases, current usage rates exceed sustainable levels for certain water resources. We currently rely predominantly (and are likely to continue to rely) on the pumping of groundwater and the generation and delivery of recycled water for non-potable uses to meet future demands in our service areas. At present, groundwater (and recycled water derived from groundwater) is the primary water supply available to us. In addition, regulatory restrictions on the use of groundwater and the development of groundwater wells, lack of available water rights, drought, overuse of local or regional sources of water, protection of threatened species or habitats, or other factors, including climate change, may limit the availability of ground or surface water. Additionally, in the majority of the Phoenix Active Management Area, the Arizona Department of Water Resources ("ADWR") has paused the issuance of new certificates of assured water supply based on groundwater and paused modifications of any designations of assured water supply for the increase in groundwater. Approximately 1.76% of the Company's water connections are located within the Phoenix Active Management Area. We believe that we have an adequate supply of water to service our current demand and growth for the foreseeable future in our service areas. For additional information and risks associated with the access to and quality of water supply, see "Risk Factors," included in Part I, Item 1A of the 2022 Form 10-K.

Rate Case Activity

On July 3, 2023, Global Water-Palo Verde Utilities Company, Inc. ("Palo Verde") and Global Water-Santa Cruz Water Company, Inc. ("Santa Cruz") filed an application with the ACC for approval of an accounting order to defer and record as a regulatory asset the depreciation expense recorded for the Company's Southwest Plant, plus the carrying cost at the authorized rate of return set in Palo Verde's and Santa Cruz's most recent rate order, until the plant is considered for recovery in the utilities' next rate case.

On June 27, 2023, seven of the Company's 13 regulated utilities each filed a rate case application with the ACC for water rates based on a 2022 test year. In addition to a rate increase, the Company requested, among other things, the consolidation of water rates for certain of its utilities, including Mirabell, Lyn Lee, Francesca, Tortolita, Rincon, Las Quintas Serenas, and Red Rock, each located in Pima County. Of the Company's utilities, these utilities filing rate applications make up approximately 3% of the Company's active service connections. There can be no assurance that the ACC will approve the requested rate increase or any increase or the consolidation of water rates described above, and the ACC could take other actions as a result of the rate case. Further, it is possible that the ACC may determine to decrease future rates. There can also be no assurance as to the timing of when an approved rate increase (if any) would go into effect.

On July 27, 2022, the ACC issued Rate Decision No. 78644 relating to the Company's previous rate case involving 12 of the Company's regulated utilities, which consisted of approximately 96% of the Company's active service connections at the time of the rate case application filing. Pursuant to Rate Decision No. 78644, the ACC approved, among other things, a collective annual revenue requirement increase of approximately \$2.2 million (including the acquisition premiums discussed below) based on 2019 test year service connections, and phased-in over approximately two years, as follows:

	<u>Incre</u>	<u>mental</u>	<u>Cumulative</u>
August 1, 2022	\$ 1,	,457,462 \$	1,457,462
January 1, 2023	\$	675,814 \$	2,133,277
January 1, 2024	\$	98,585 \$	2,231,861

To the extent that the number of active service connections has increased and continues to increase from 2019 levels, the additional revenues may be greater than the amounts set forth above. On the other hand, if active connections decrease or the Company experiences declining usage per customer, the Company may not realize all of the anticipated revenues.

The ACC also approved: (i) the consolidation of water and/or wastewater rates to create economies of scale that are beneficial to all customers when rates are consolidated; (ii) acquisition premiums relating to the Company's acquisitions of its Red Rock and Turner Ranches utilities, which increase the rate base for such utilities and result in an increase in the annual collective revenue requirementincluded in the table above; (iii) the Company's ability to annually adjust rates to flow through certain changes in tax expense, primarily related to income taxes, without the necessity of a rate case proceeding; and (iv) a sustainable water surcharge, which will allow semiannual surcharges to be added to customer bills based on verified costs of new water resources.

Finally, Rate Decision No. 78644 required the Company to work with ACC staff and the Residential Utility Consumer Office to prepare a Private Letter Ruling request to the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") to clarify whether the failure to eliminate the deferred taxes attributable to assets condemned in a transaction governed by Section 1033 of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") would violate the normalization provisions of Section 168(i)(9) of the IRC. The IRS accepted the request and issued its Private Letter Ruling, dated September 22, 2023. The Private Letter Ruling determined that the deferred taxes attributable to assets condemned in a transaction governed by Section 1033 of the IRC must be eliminated and failure to do so would violate the normalization provisions of Section 168(i)(9) of the IRC. As required by Rate Decision No. 78644, the Private Letter Ruling has been provided to the ACC. Within 90 days after receiving the ruling, ACC Staff is required to prepare, for ACC consideration, a memorandum and proposed order regarding guidance issued within the Private Letter Ruling. The Private Letter Ruling was consistent with the adjustments used to determine the revenue requirements in Rate Decision No. 78644. Accordingly, the Company has requested that no further action be taken by the ACC. However, there can be no assurance provided until the ACC process is complete. Refer to Note 2 – "Regulatory Decision and Related Accounting and Policy Changes" of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of the Company's Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2022.

Refer to Note 2 – "Regulatory Decision and Related Accounting and Policy Changes" of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information.

Corporate Transactions

Recent Acquisitions

On February 1, 2023, the Company acquired all of the equity of Farmers Water Co. ("Farmers"), an operator of a water utility with service area in Pima County, Arizona. The acquisition added approximately 3,300 active water service connections and approximately 21.5 square miles of service area in Sahuarita, Arizona and the surrounding unincorporated area of Pima County at the time of the acquisition. Refer to Note 15 - "Acquisitions" of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional details.

Private Placement Offering of Common Stock

On June 8, 2023, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement for the issuance and sale by the Company of an aggregate of 230,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a purchase price of \$12.07 per share in an offering exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder. The Company received gross proceeds of approximately \$2.8 million from the offering.

Public Offering of Common Stock

On August 1, 2022, the Company completed a public offering of 1,150,000 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.50 per share, which included 150,000 shares issued and sold to the underwriter following the exercise in full of its option to purchase additional shares of common stock. The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$14.9 million from the offering after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses paid by the Company. Certain of the Company's directors and/or their affiliates purchased an aggregate of 652,000 shares of common stock at the public offering price.

Stipulated Condemnation of the Operations and Assets of Valencia

On July 14, 2015, the Company closed the stipulated condemnation to transfer the operations and assets of Valencia to the City of Buckeye. Terms of the condemnation were agreed upon through a settlement agreement and stipulated final judgment of condemnation wherein the City of Buckeye acquired all the operations and assets of Valencia and assumed operation of the utility upon close. The City of Buckeye is obligated to pay the Company a growth premium equal to \$3,000 for each new water meter installed within Valencia's prior service areas in the City of Buckeye, for a 20-year period ending December 31, 2034, subject to a maximum payout of \$45.0 million over the term of the agreement.

Segment Reporting

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing operating performance. In consideration of the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification 280, Segment Reporting, the Company is not organized around specific products and services, geographic regions, or regulatory environments. The Company currently operates in one geographic region within the State of Arizona, wherein each operating utility operates within the same regulatory environment.

While the Company reports revenue, disaggregated by service type, on the face of the statement of operations, the Company does not manage the business based on any performance measure at the individual revenue stream level. The Company does not have any customers that contribute more than 10% to the Company's revenues or revenue streams. Additionally, the chief operating decision maker uses consolidated financial information to evaluate performance, which is the same basis on which he communicates results and performance to the Company's board of directors. It is upon this consolidated basis from which he bases all significant decisions regarding the allocation of the Company's resources on a consolidated level. Based on the information described above and in accordance with the applicable literature, management has concluded that the Company is currently organized and operated as one operating and reportable segment.

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

The following table summarizes results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands, except for share amounts):

	1	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			
		2023		2022	
Revenues	\$	14,532	\$	11,893	
Operating expenses		10,695		9,127	
Operating income		3,837		2,766	
Total other expense		(315)		(468)	
Income before income taxes		3,522		2,298	
Income tax expense		(888)		(612)	
Net income	\$	2,634	\$	1,686	
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.11	\$	0.07	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.11	\$	0.07	

Revenues – The following table summarizes revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands):

	For the	For the Three Months Ended September 30,				
		2023		2022		
Water services	\$	7,520	\$	5,824		
Wastewater and recycled water services		6,494		6,069		
Unregulated revenues		518				
Total revenues	\$	14,532	\$	11,893		

Total revenues increased \$2.6 million, or 22.2%, to \$14.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$11.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in revenue was primarily attributable to higher average temperatures for the quarter coupled with a 64% decrease in precipitation causing an escalation of consumption, as compared to the same quarter last year and the recognition of \$0.5 million of ICFA related revenue. Other contributing factors include increased rates related to Rate Decision No. 78644, new connections associated with the acquisition of Farmers in February 2023, and year over year organic growth in connections of 2.6%.

Water Services – Water services revenue increased \$1.7 million, or 29.1%, to \$7.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$5.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in water services revenue was primarily related to the weather conditions discussed above prompting higher consumption, the acquisition of Farmers in February 2023 and increased rates related to Rate Decision No. 78644.

Water services revenue based on consumption increased \$1.3 million, or 46.3%, to \$4.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$2.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by the weather conditions discussed above resulting in a 31.2% increase in consumption as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2022, the Farmers acquisition in February 2023, and an increase in rates related to Rate Decision No. 78644.

Active water connections increased 14.1% to 33,976 as of September 30, 2023 from 29,785 as of September 30, 2022, primarily due to the acquisition of Farmers in February 2023 and organic growth in our service areas.

Water consumption increased 31.2% to 1.3 billion gallons for the three months ended September 30, 2023 from 992.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in consumption was primarily attributable to the weather conditions discussed above and the additional connections resulting from the acquisition of Farmers in February 2023.

Water services revenue associated with the basic service charge, excluding miscellaneous charges, increased \$0.3 million, or 13.4%, to \$3.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$2.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily due to growth in active service connections, primarily from new connections associated with the acquisition of Farmers, as well as an increase in rates due to Rate Decision No. 78644.

Wastewater and Recycled Water Services – Wastewater and recycled water services revenue increased \$0.4 million, or 7.0%, to \$6.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$6.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in wastewater and recycled water services revenue was primarily driven by a \$0.4 million increase in wastewater services revenue, which reflects a 2.7% increase in active wastewater connections from 26,349 as of September 30, 2022 to 27,060 as of September 30, 2023, combined with an increase in rates due to Rate Decision No. 78644.

Recycled water services revenue, which is based on the number of gallons delivered, increased by approximately 9.6% to \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in recycled water services revenue was primarily driven by the volume of recycled gallons delivered, which increased 10.2% to 271.7 million gallons for three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to 246.5 million gallons for the three months ended September 30, 2022. Also contributing to the increase was the rate increase resulting from Rate Decision No. 78644.

Operating Expenses – The following table summarizes operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands):

	For	For the Three Months Ended September 30,				
		2023		2022		
Operations and maintenance	\$	3,587	\$	2,775		
General and administrative		3,923		3,923		
Depreciation and amortization		3,185		2,429		
Total operating expenses	\$	10,695	\$	9,127		

Operations and Maintenance – Operations and maintenance costs, consisting of personnel costs, production costs (primarily chemicals and purchased electrical power), maintenance costs, and property tax, increased \$0.8 million, or 29.3%, to \$3.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$2.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022, which was primarily attributable to the Farmers acquisition, additional costs for purchased power as a direct result of increased consumption, increased personnel costs and higher property tax expenses.

Utility power and related expenses increased \$0.2 million to \$0.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$0.7 million for the same period in 2022. The additional power costs were due to increased pump usage related to increased consumption and additional connections, from both the Farmers acquisition and organic growth.

Total personnel expenses increased \$0.2 million, or 26.3%, to \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared from \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in personnel expenses was primarily related to the acquisition of Farmers in February 2023 and increased salary and wages, partially offset by lower medical benefit costs.

Property tax expense increased \$0.1 million, or 38.4%, to \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$0.5 million for the same period in 2022. Property taxes are calculated using a centrally valued property calculation, which derives property values based upon three-year historical average revenues. As revenues increase, property taxes are also expected to increase.

General and Administrative – General and administrative costs include the day-to-day expenses of office operations, personnel costs, legal and other professional fees, insurance, rent, and regulatory fees. These costs remained flat and were \$3.9 million for both the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

Personnel related costs increased \$0.3 million, or 14.0%, to \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily related to higher salaries and wages and employee related expenses.

Deferred compensation expense decreased \$0.2 million, or 68.8%, to \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was a direct result of the change in the stock price impacting certain equity-like awards (i.e., the stock price decreased more during the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2022). Refer to Note 13 — "Deferred Compensation Awards" of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information.

Board compensation decreased \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily due to the impact of the change in the stock price used in the valuation of board compensation as discussed above.

Depreciation and amortization - Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$0.8 million, or 31.1%, to \$3.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by additional depreciation expense recorded as a direct result of the increase in fixed assets, \$0.1 million of which was attributable to the partial activation of the Southwest Plant in Maricopa, AZ. Approximately \$44,000 of depreciation expense for the quarter was attributable to the Farmers acquisition.

Other Expense – Other expense decreased \$0.2 million, or 32.7%, to \$0.3 million for three months ended September 30, 2023 from \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022, which was primarily attributable to the increase in the equity portion of the allowance for funds used during construction ("AFUDC") and increased Buckeye growth premiums.

Income Tax Expense – Income tax expense of \$0.9 million was recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to income tax expense of \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The primary driver for the change was due to the increase in pre-tax income for three months ended September 30, 2023.

Net Income – Net income totaled \$2.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 compared to net income of \$1.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The \$0.9 million increase was primarily attributable to increased operating revenue as a result of escalated consumption and increased rates related to Rate Decision No. 78644, increased revenue resulting from the Farmers acquisition in February 2023, and the recognition of \$0.5 million of ICFA related revenue, partially offset by an increase in operations and maintenance expenses of approximately \$0.8 million, higher depreciation expenses of \$0.8 million, and increased tax expense of \$0.3 million.

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

The following table summarizes results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands, except for share amounts):

	For the	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2023			2022		
Revenues	\$	40,660	\$	33,629		
Operating expenses		30,036		27,038		
Operating income		10,624		6,591		
Total other expense		(1,301)		(1,104)		
Income before income taxes		9,323		5,487		
Income tax expense		(2,484)		(805)		
Net income	\$	6,839	\$	4,682		
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.28	\$	0.20		
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.28	\$	0.20		

Revenues – The following table summarizes revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2023	2022		
Water services	\$	18,916	\$	15,854	
Wastewater and recycled water services		18,958		17,770	
Unregulated revenues		2,786		5	
Total revenues	\$	40,660	\$	33,629	

Total revenues increased \$7.1 million, or 20.9%, to \$40.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$33.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in revenue was primarily attributable to elevated consumption related to higher average temperatures and lower average precipitation, ICFA revenue earned during the 2023 period that did not occur in the prior year period, increased rates related to Rate Decision No. 78644, new connections associated with the acquisition of Farmers in February 2023, and organic connection growth.

Water Services – Water services revenue increased \$3.0 million, or 19.3%, to \$18.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$15.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in water services revenue was primarily related to increased consumption, the acquisition of Farmers and an increase in rates related to Rate Decision No. 78644.

Water services revenue based on consumption increased \$1.7 million, or 23.6%, to \$8.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$7.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by a 13.5% increase in consumption, the Farmers acquisition in February 2023 and increase in rates related to Rate Decision No. 78644.

Active water connections increased 13.8% to 33,976 as of September 30, 2023 from 29,785 as of September 30, 2022, primarily due to the Farmers acquisition in February 2023 and organic growth in our service areas.

Water consumption increased 13.5% to 3.1 billion gallons for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to 2.7 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily related to the considerable increase in consumption during the third quarter which we believe can be attributed to the higher temperatures and lower precipitation as compared to the same period in 2022.

Water services revenue associated with the basic service charge, excluding miscellaneous charges, increased \$1.4 million, or 16.4%, to \$9.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$8.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily due to the increase in active service connections primarily from new connections associated with the acquisition of Farmers, as well as an increase in rates due to Rate Decision No. 78644.

Wastewater and Recycled Water Services – Wastewater and recycled water services revenue increased \$1.2 million, or 6.7%, to \$19.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$17.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in wastewater and recycled water services revenue was primarily driven by a \$1.2 million increase in wastewater services revenue resulting from the 2.7% increase in active wastewater connections from 26,349 as of September 30, 2022 to 27,060 as of September 30, 2023, combined with an increase in rates due to Rate Decision No. 78644.

Recycled water services revenue, which is based on the number of gallons delivered, increased by approximately 4.4% to \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$1.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The volume of recycled water delivered had a modest increase of 4.6% with 629 million gallons delivered for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to 602 million gallons delivered for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Operating Expenses – The following table summarizes operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands):

	For	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		2023		2022
Operations and maintenance	\$	9,557	\$	8,260
General and administrative		11,934		11,579
Depreciation and amortization		8,545		7,199
Total operating expenses	\$	30,036	\$	27,038

Operations and Maintenance – Operations and maintenance costs, consisting of personnel costs, production costs (primarily chemicals and purchased electrical power), maintenance costs, and property tax, increased approximately \$1.3 million, or 15.7%, to \$9.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$8.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Total personnel expenses increased approximately \$0.7 million, or 24.2%, to \$3.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$2.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to the Farmers acquisition in February 2023, a cost of living adjustment, and an increase in personnel.

Utility power and related expenses increased \$0.4 million to \$2.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$1.7 million for the same period in 2022. The additional power costs were due to increased pump usage related to increased consumption and additional connections, from both the Farmers acquisition and organic growth.

Contract services increased \$0.1 million to \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily due to increased costs for billing software related to the additional connections period over period and cloud storage services.

General and Administrative – General and administrative costs include the day-to-day expenses of office operations, personnel costs, legal and other professional fees, insurance, rent, and regulatory fees. These costs increased \$0.3 million, or 3.1%, to \$11.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$11.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Deferred compensation expense decreased \$0.1 million, or 12.2%, to \$0.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$0.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was a direct result of the change in the stock price impacting certain valuations during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Refer to Note 13 — "Deferred Compensation Awards" of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information.

Other notable increases were related to personnel expenses, information technology expenses, rent, and contract services. Other expenses decreased for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2022, such as professional fees expense and regulatory expenses, which were directly related to the rate case activity and acquisition related matters during 2022.

Depreciation and amortization - Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$1.3 million, or 18.7%, to \$8.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$7.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by increased depreciation due to the increase in fixed assets. Approximately \$136,000 of the depreciation for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was attributable to the Farmers acquisition.

Other Expense – Other expense totaled \$1.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase of \$0.2 million in other expense was related to the \$0.6 million decrease in income associated with Buckeye growth premiums as a result of fewer new meter connections in the area and an increase in interest expense of \$0.4 million, partially offset by an increase in the equity portion of AFUDC of \$0.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Income Tax Expense – Income tax expense of \$2.5 million was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$0.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recorded a tax benefit of approximately \$0.7 million from the reversal of the regulatory liability related to Rate Decision No. 78622. Also contributing to the increase in income tax expense was higher pre-tax income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Net Income – Net income totaled \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to net income of \$4.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The \$2.1 million increase was primarily attributable to the recognition of \$2.8 million of ICFA related revenue, increased operating revenue as a result of both escalated consumption and increased rates related to Rate Decision No. 78644, and increased revenue resulting from the Farmers acquisition in February 2023, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses of approximately \$1.7 million, higher depreciation expenses of \$1.3 million, and increased tax expense of \$1.7 million.

Outstanding Share Data

As of November 8, 2023, there were 24,171,517 shares of the Company's common stock outstanding and stock-based awards outstanding to acquire an additional 444,584 shares of the Company's common stock.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's capital resources are provided by internally generated cash flows from operations as well as debt and equity financing. Additionally, its regulated utility subsidiaries receive advances and contributions from customers, home builders, and real estate developers to partially fund construction necessary to extend service to new areas. The Company uses capital resources primarily to:

fund operating costs;

- fund capital requirements, including construction expenditures;
- make debt and interest payments;
- · fund acquisitions; and
- pay dividends.

The Company's utility subsidiaries operate in rate-regulated environments in which the amount of new investment recovery may be limited. Such recovery will take place over an extended period of time because recovery through rate increases is subject to regulatory lag.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company has no notable near-term cash expenditures, other than the principal payments for the Series B senior secured notes in the amount of \$1.9 million due in December 2023 and June 2024. While specific facts and circumstances could change, the Company believes that there is sufficient cash on hand, the ability to draw on the \$15.0 million revolving line of credit, and will be able to generate sufficient cash flows to meet the operating cash flow requirements and capital expenditure plan, as well as remain in compliance with its debt covenants, for the next twelve months and beyond.

In March 2014, the Company initiated a dividend program to declare and pay a monthly dividend. On November 30, 2022, the Company announced a monthly dividend increase from \$0.02458 per share (\$0.29496 per share annually) to \$0.02483 per share (0.29796 per share annually). Although the Company expects that monthly dividends will be declared and paid for the foreseeable future, the declaration of any dividends is at the discretion of the Company's board of directors and is subject to legal requirements and debt service ratio covenant requirements (refer to "—Senior Secured Notes" and "—Revolving Credit Line").

Cash from Operating Activities

Cash flows provided by operating activities are used for operating needs and to meet capital expenditure requirements. The Company's future cash flows from operating activities will be affected by economic utility regulation, infrastructure investment, growth in service connections, customer usage of water, compliance with environmental health and safety standards, production costs, weather, and seasonality.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, net cash provided by operating activities totaled approximately \$22.7 million compared to \$19.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The \$3.0 million increase in cash from operating activities was primarily driven by the improvement in net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Cash from Investing Activities

The net cash used in investing activities totaled approximately \$24.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to \$25.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The \$0.6 million increase in cash used in investing activities was primarily driven by the \$6.2 million acquisition of Farmers, and a decrease in capital expenditures of \$6.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

The Company continues to invest capital prudently in existing, core service areas where the Company is able to deploy the Total Water Management model as this includes any required maintenance capital expenditures and the construction of new water and wastewater treatment and delivery facilities. The projected capital expenditures and other investments are subject to periodic review and revision to reflect changes in economic conditions and other factors. As a result, the Company may reduce capital expenditures to correspond with any decreases in demand for housing in service areas.

Cash from Financing Activities

The net cash provided by financing activities totaled \$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, a \$6.6 million change, as compared to the \$8.8 million in cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. This change was primarily driven by an increase of \$6.2 million in advances in aid of construction, offset by a \$12.1 million decrease in proceeds from the sale of stock for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Senior Secured Notes

On June 24, 2016, the Company issued two series of senior secured notes with a total principal balance of \$115.0 million at a blended interest rate of 4.55%. Series A carries a principal balance of \$28.8 million and bears an interest rate of 4.38% over a twelve-year term, with the principal payment due on June 15, 2028. Series B carries a principal balance of \$86.3

million and bears an interest rate of 4.58% over a 20-year term. Series B was interest only for the first five years, with \$1.9 million principal payments paid semiannually thereafter beginning December 2021. The proceeds of the senior secured notes were primarily used to refinance the Company's long-term tax exempt bonds, pursuant to an early redemption option at 103%, plus accrued interest, as a result of the Company's U.S. initial public offering of its common stock in May 2016.

The senior secured notes require the Company to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of consolidated EBITDA to consolidated debt service of at least 1.10 to 1.00. Consolidated EBITDA is calculated as net income plus depreciation and amortization, taxes, interest, and other non-cash charges net of non-cash income. Consolidated debt service is calculated as interest expense, principal payments, and dividend or stock repurchases. The senior secured notes also contain a provision limiting the payment of dividends if the Company falls below a ratio of 1.25. However, for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 through the quarter ending March 31, 2024, the debt service ratio drops to 1.20. The debt service ratio increases to 1.25 for any fiscal quarter during the period from and after June 30, 2024. As of September 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with its financial debt covenants.

Note Purchase Agreement

On October 26, 2023, the Company entered into a note purchase agreement (the "Note Purchase Agreement") with Jackson National Life Insurance Company pursuant to which the Company will, subject to customer closing conditions, issue an aggregate principal amount of \$20,000,000 of 6.91% Senior Secured Notes due on January 3, 2034 (the "Notes"). The Company plans to use the proceeds from the Notes offering to refinance existing indebtedness, to support capital investments associated with growth and for general corporate purposes.

Debt issuance costs as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million, respectively.

Revolving Credit Line

On April 30, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement with Northern Trust, for a two-year revolving line of credit initially up to \$10.0 million with an initial maturity date of April 30, 2022 (as amended, the "Northern Trust Loan Agreement"). This credit facility, which may be used to refinance existing indebtedness, to acquire assets to use in and/or expand the Company's business, and for general corporate purposes, initially bore an interest rate equal to the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 2.00% and had no unused line fee. This credit facility replaced the previous revolving line of credit with MidFirst Bank, which was terminated in April 2020.

On April 30, 2021, the Company and Northern Trust entered into an amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement pursuant to which, among other things, the maturity date for the revolving line of credit was extended to April 30, 2024.

On July 26, 2022, the Company and The Northern Trust Company entered into a second amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement, which, among other things, further extended the maturity date for the revolving line of credit to July 1, 2024, increased the maximum principal amount available for borrowing to \$15.0 million and replaced the LIBOR interest rate provisions with provisions based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR). Refer to Note 11 – "Debt" of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information.

On June 28, 2023, the Company and Northern Trust entered into a third amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement, which, among other things, (i) further extended the scheduled maturity date for the revolving line of credit from July 1, 2024 to July 1, 2025 and (ii) added a quarterly facility fee equal to 0.35% of the average daily unused amount of the revolving line of credit.

On October 26, 2023, the Company and Northern Trust entered into a fourth amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement, which, among other things, further amended the terms and conditions set forth in the Loan Agreement to make certain conforming changes to reflect the issuance of the Notes and related matters.

Similar to the senior secured notes, the Northern Trust Loan Agreement requires the Company to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of consolidated EBITDA to consolidated debt service of at least 1.10 to 1.00. The Northern Trust Loan Agreement also contains a provision limiting the payment of dividends if the Company falls below a debt service ratio of 1.25. However, for the quarter ended June 30, 2021 through the quarter ending March 31, 2024, the debt service ratio drops to 1.20. Additionally, the Northern Trust Loan Agreement contains certain restrictive covenants that limit, among other things, the Company's ability to: create liens and other encumbrances; incur additional indebtedness; merge, liquidate or consolidate with another entity; dispose of or transfer assets; make distributions or other restricted payments (including dividends); engage in certain affiliate transactions; and change the nature of the business. The foregoing covenants are subject to various qualifications and limitations as set forth in the Northern Trust Loan Agreement. Pursuant to the

Northern Trust Loan Agreement, the revolving credit facility is subject to certain customary events of default after which the revolving credit facility could be declared due and payable if not cured within the grace period or, in certain circumstances, could be declared due and payable immediately. Refer to Note 11 — "Debt" of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information. As of September 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with its financial debt covenants.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company had outstanding borrowings of approximately \$15,000 under the revolving line of credit with Northern Trust. The Company did not incur debt issuance costs relating to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

Other Financing Activity

On June 8, 2023, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement for the issuance and sale by the Company of an aggregate of 230,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a purchase price of \$12.07 per share in an offering exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 promulgated thereunder. The Company received gross proceeds of approximately \$2.8 million from the offering.

On August 1, 2022, the Company completed a public offering of 1,150,000 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.50 per share, which included 150,000 shares issued and sold to the underwriter following the exercise in full of its option to purchase additional shares of common stock. The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$14.9 million from the offering after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses paid by the Company.

Insurance Coverage

The Company carries various property, casualty, and financial insurance policies with limits, deductibles, and exclusions consistent with industry standards. However, insurance coverage may not be adequate or available to cover unanticipated losses or claims. The Company is self-insured to the extent that losses are within the policy deductible or exceed the amount of insurance maintained. Such losses could have a material adverse effect on the Company's short-term and long-term financial condition and the results of operations and cash flows.

Contractual Obligations

The Company entered into the Note Purchase Agreement and the fourth amendment to the Northern Trust Loan Agreement on October 26, 2023. Refer to additional details under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Liquidity and Capital Resources" above.

There have been no additional material changes in our reported contractual obligations from those disclosed under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Liquidity and Capital Resources – Contractual Obligations" in the 2022 10-K.

Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments, and Estimates

The application of critical accounting policies is particularly important to the Company's financial condition and results of operations and provides a framework for management to make significant estimates, assumptions, and other judgments. Additionally, the Company's financial condition, results of operations, and cash flow are impacted by the methods, assumptions, and estimates used in the application of critical accounting policies. Although management believes that these estimates, assumptions, and other judgments are appropriate, they relate to matters that are inherently uncertain and that may change in subsequent periods. Accordingly, changes in the estimates, assumptions, and other judgments applied to these accounting policies could have a significant impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations as reflected in its financial statements.

There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies from those disclosed under "Managements' Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies, Judgments, and Estimates" in the 2022 10-K.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

ITEM 3. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, reviewed and evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of September 30, 2023, the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no material change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined under Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2023 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may, from time to time, be subject to various pending and threatened lawsuits in which claims for monetary damages are asserted. To our knowledge, the Company is not involved in any legal proceeding which is expected to have a material effect.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in "Risk Factors" included in Part I, Item 1A of the 2022 10-K. There have been no material changes in the risk factors from those discussed in "Risk Factors" included in Part I, Item 1A of the 2022 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

a) Sales of Unregistered Securities

No unregistered securities were sold during the three months ended September 30, 2023, other than as reported in our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC.

b) Use of Proceeds

None.

c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table presents information with respect to purchases of common stock the Company made during the three months ended September 30, 2023.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased(1)	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 to July 31, 2023	_	\$ —	_	\$
August 1 to August 31, 2023	820	11.78	_	_
September 1 to September 30, 2023		_		
Total	820			\$

(1) Represents shares withheld from employees to satisfy certain tax obligations due in connection with the vesting of restricted stock awards granted under the Global Water Resources, Inc. 2020 Omnibus Incentive Plan. The average price paid per share for the common stock withheld was based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the applicable vesting date.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit	Method of Filing
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Global Water Resources, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Form 8-K filed May 4, 2016.
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Global Water Resources, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Form 8-K filed May 4, 2016.
10.1	Note Purchase Agreement, dated October 26, 2023, by and between Global Water Resources, Inc. and Jackson National Life Insurance Company	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Form 8-K filed November 1, 2023.
10.2	Fourth Modification Agreement, dated October 26, 2023, by and between Global Water Resources, Inc. and The Northern Trust Company	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Form 8-K filed November 1, 2023.
10.3	Amendment No. 2 to Security Agreements, dated October 26, 2023, between and among Global Water Resources, Inc., Global Water, LLC, West Maricopa Combine, LLC, Global Water Holdings, Inc., and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, in its capacity as collateral agent	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Form 8-K filed November 1, 2023.
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer	Filed herewith.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer	Filed herewith.
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer	Furnished herewith.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document	Filed herewith.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	Filed herewith.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	Filed herewith.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	Filed herewith.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document	Filed herewith.
101. PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	Filed herewith.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL with applicable taxonomy extension information contained in Exhibits 101)	Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Global Water Resources, Inc.

Date: November 8, 2023 By: /s/ Michael J. Liebman

Michael J. Liebman
Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary
(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial and
Accounting Officer)